# Defining the role of mutated antigens

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# Cancer immunity cycle



Chen & Mellman Immunity 2013

# HNSCC commonly triggers Immune Responses: Tumor Infiltrating Lymphocytes



#### Presented by: Tanguy Seiwert at ASCO 2014

# Role for T cells in cancer

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

#### Intratumoral T Cells, Recurrence, and Survival in Epithelial Ovarian Cancer

Lin Zhang, M.D., Jose R. Conejo-Garcia, M.D., Ph.D., Dionyssios Katsaros, M.D., Ph.D., Phyllis A. Gimotty, Ph.D., Marco Massobrio, M.D., Giorgia Regnani, M.D., Antonis Makrigiannakis, M.D., Ph.D., Heidi Gray, M.D., Katia Schlienger, M.D., Ph.D., Michael N. Liebman, Ph.D., Stephen C. Rubin, M.D., and George Coukos, M.D., Ph.D.

#### PERSPECTIVES

#### OPINION

#### The immune contexture in human tumours: impact on clinical outcome

Wolf Herman Fridman, Franck Pagès, Catherine Sautès-Fridman and Jérôme Galon



Type, Density, and Location of Immune Cells Within Human Colorectal Tumors Predict Clinical Outcome Jérôme Galon, *et al. Science* **313**, 1960 (2006); DOI: 10.1126/science.1129139



# **Cancer Research**

Immunotype and Immunohistologic Characteristics of Tumor-Infiltrating Immune Cells Are Associated with Clinical Outcome in Metastatic Melanoma

Gulsun Erdag, Jochen T. Schaefer, Mark E. Smolkin, et al.

Cancer Res 2012;72:1070-1080. Published OnlineFirst January 19, 2012.

# What could tumor-specific cytotoxic T cells detect on human cancer?



- 1. Self antigens (to which tolerance is incomplete) Shared between patients
- 2. 'Neo-antigens', epitopes that arise as a consequence of tumor-specific mutations In large part patient-specific, hence generally ignored



# Tumor infiltrating lymphocytes: TIL therapy in melanoma



# The big unknown



- Which cytotoxic T cells mediate cancer regression?
  - Could we specifically boost their numbers?

# What could tumor-specific cytotoxic T cells detect on human cancer?



- Self antigens (to which tolerance is incomplete) Shared between patients (Kvistborg et al. Oncoimmunol 2013)
- 2. 'Neo-antigens', epitopes that arise as a consequence of tumor-specific mutations

Develop technology for high-throughput monitoring of T cell responses

- Problem I: Many antigens (Toebes et al., Nat Med 2006)
- Problem II: Limitations in patient sample size (Anderson et al. Nat Protoc 2012)

#### Analyzing the neo-antigen-specific T cell repertoire in human cancer?



#### Pt 002: Partial response upon anti-CTLA4 treatment







#### Analyzing the neo-antigen-specific T cell repertoire in human cancer?



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#### Analyzing the neo-antigen-specific T cell repertoire in human cancer?



#### Strong T cell response against an ATR<sub>S>L</sub> neo-epitope within the tumor



#### Increased magnitude of neo-antigen-specific T cell response under anti-CTLA4



van Rooij, van Buuren JCO 2013













Major (>5000 fold) increase in neo-antigen specific T cell reactivity upon TIL therapy

#### Pt 004:

#### Resected tumor material



#### Pt 004:



pMHC multimer B

DNAH17<sub>H>Y</sub> (0.003%) VLFEDAVA<u>H</u> > VLFEDAVA<u>Y</u> **CDK4<sub>R>L</sub> (1.604%)** A<u>R</u>DPHSGHFV > A<u>L</u>DPHSGHFV GCN1L1<sub>L>P</sub> (0.407%) ALLET<u>L</u>SLLL > ALLET<u>P</u>SLLL



#### Pt 004:



pMHC multimer B

DNAH17 <sub>H&gt;Y</sub> (0.003%)	CDK4 <sub>R&gt;L</sub> (1.604%)	GCN1L1 <sub>L&gt;P</sub> (0.407%)
VLFEDAVA <u>H</u> > VLFEDAVA <u>Y</u>	A <u>R</u> DPHSGHFV > A <u>L</u> DPHSGHFV	ALLET <u>L</u> SLLL > ALLET <u>P</u> SLLL

# Mutations can result in neo-antigens derived from oncogenes and (presumed) passenger genes







- Develop peptide exchange MHC streptamers to create defined TIL products





























2b) Inject autologous neo-Ag enriched T-cell product

3) Monitor tumor growth





#### Neo-antigen enriched TIL can mediate superior tumor control



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Independent of MHC tools – but does require functional activity















Evidence for CD4 reactivity against mutant peptides True neo-antigen specific T cell responses or haphazard cross reactivity?



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If True: Only reactivity against autologous mutanome set If True: Reactivity against mutant peptide > reactivity against parental peptide



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If True: Reactivity against mutant peptide > reactivity against parental peptide

Neo-antigen reactive CD4 T cells in clinically effective ACT products?



#### Neo-antigen reactive CD4 T cells in clinically effective ACT products? (6m PR upon TIL therapy)



Prior to TIL



5 wks postTIL





#### Neo-antigen reactive CD4 T cells in clinically effective ACT products? (6m PR upon TIL therapy)



Prior to TIL



5 wks postTIL





#### Neo-antigen reactive CD4 T cells in clinically effective ACT products? (6m PR upon TIL therapy)



Prior to TIL



5 wks postTIL





#### Neo-antigen reactive CD4 T cells in clinically effective ACT products? (>7yr CR upon T cell therapy)





#### Neo-antigen reactive CD4 T cells in clinically effective ACT products? (>7yr CR upon T cell therapy)





## Cancer exome-guided immunomonitoring

 Exome-based analysis of neo-antigen specific T cell responses in human cancer is feasible



## Cancer exome-guided immunomonitoring

- Exome-based analysis of neo-antigen specific T cell responses in human cancer is feasible
  - Dissect the role of neo-antigen specific T cell reactivity in melanoma immunotherapy (TIL therapy, anti-CTLA4, anti-PD1 etc.)



#### Cancer exome-guided immunomonitoring

- Exome-based analysis of neo-antigen specific T cell responses in human cancer is feasible
  - Dissect the role of neo-antigen specific T cell reactivity in melanoma immunotherapy (TIL therapy, anti-CTLA4, anti-PD1 etc.)

The T cell based immune system commonly interacts with the consequences of DNA damage in human melanoma
CD8 T cells: 8 pts analyzed, neo-antigen specific reactivity in 6. Not all alleles covered, exome coverage incomplete, epitope predictions imperfect....)
CD4 T cells: 5 pts analyzed, neo-antigen specific reactivity in 4

## Big questions ahead:

- 1). Should we develop **personalized immunotherapies** to target these antigens?
  - > Antigen-selected TIL
  - > Anti-CTLA4 or anti-PD1 plus neo-epitope vaccines



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- 1). Should we develop **personalized immunotherapies** to target these antigens?
  - > Antigen-selected TIL
  - > Anti-CTLA4 or anti-PD1 plus neo-epitope vaccines

2). Can we expect a neo-antigen repertoire that can be exploited in **other** *human malignancies*?



# Can we expect a neo-antigen repertoire in other human cancers?



VAN LEEUWENHOE

Adapted from Alexandrov, Nature 2013

## Can we expect a neo-antigen repertoire in other human cancers?



#### Can we expect a neo-antigen repertoire in other human cancers?



NETHERLAN

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#### Cancer exome-guided personalized immunotherapy



Cancer Immunotherapy Dream Team

Chemical Biology Huib Ovaa

STAGE Therapeutics Lothar Germeroth

MD Anderson Laszlo Radvanyi Chantale Bernatchez Patrick Hwu

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> PDX models Kristel Kemper Daniel Peeper

**Ton Schumacher**