

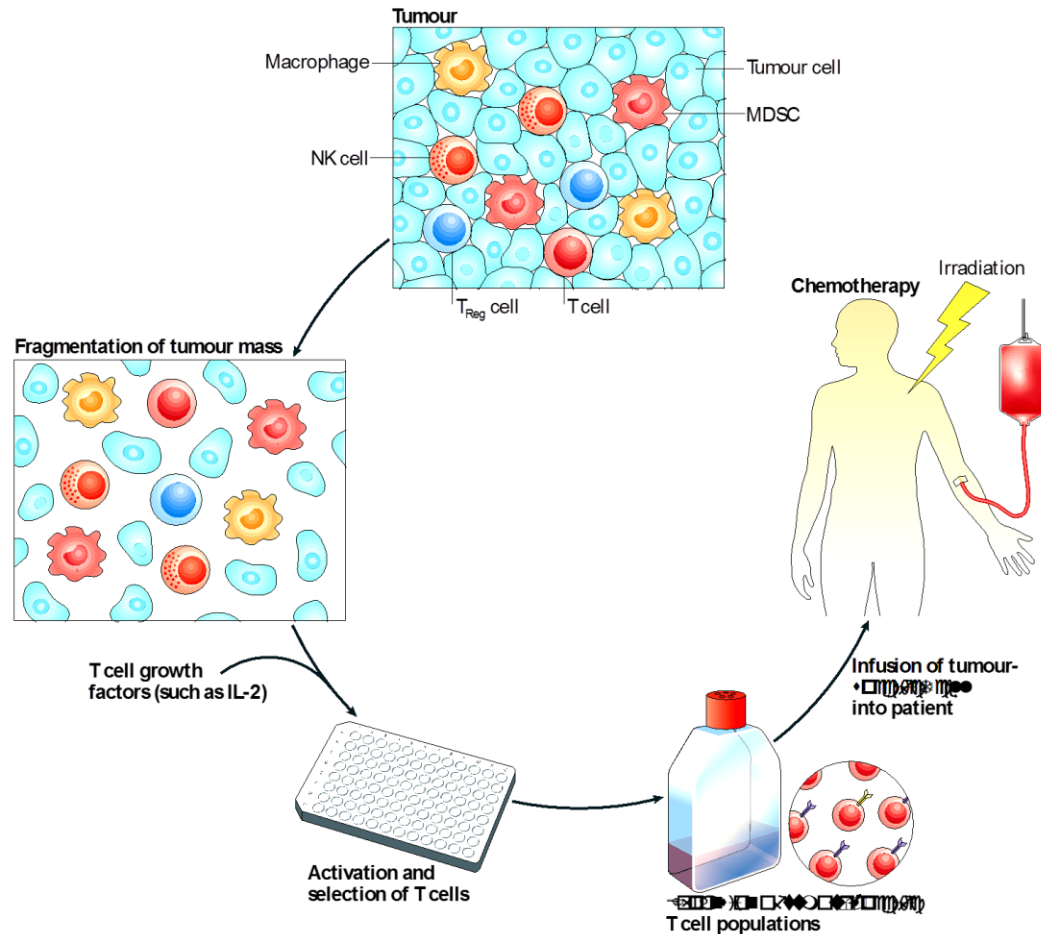
Developing T cell receptors with improved affinity

Nathalie Rufer, MD, PhD, PD

ESMO Symposium on Immuno-Oncology, November 21, 2014

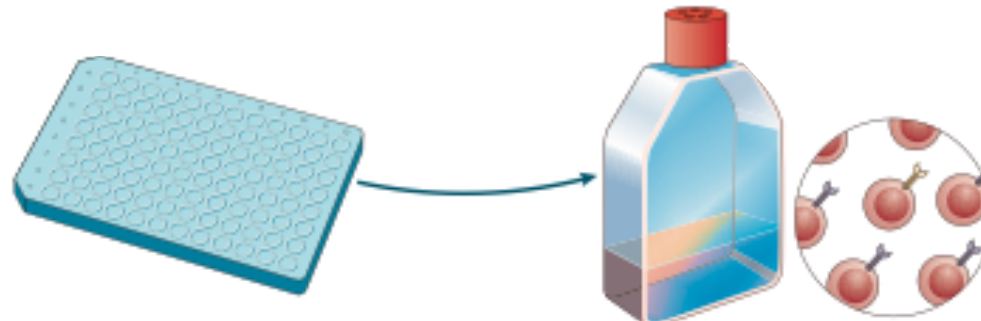
Passive immunization approaches: adoptive T cell transfer

Immunotherapy aims at providing adequate numbers (frequencies) and to enhance the function of anti-tumor cytotoxic T cells while overcoming immune suppression and tolerance at the tumor site in cancer patients.



Optimization of TCR:pMHC affinity against cancer cells

Most anti-(self) tumor-specific T cell responses are mediated by low avidity CD8 T cells due to mechanisms of central and peripheral tolerance.



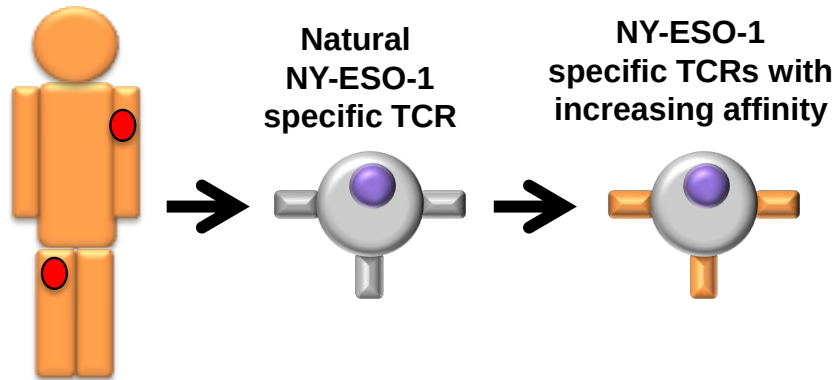
Identification and selection of efficient anti-tumor T cells

- T cell functionality
- Memory properties
- TCR affinity/avidity

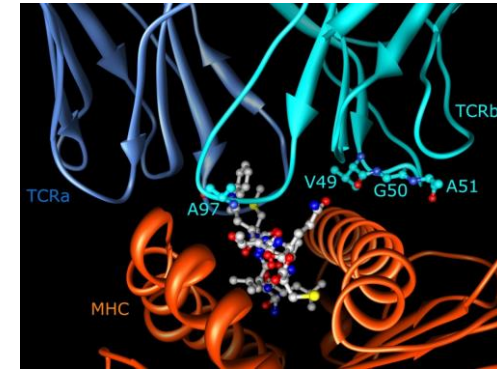
Engineering T cells with increased TCR affinity against tumor antigens

- Phage-display approaches
- Rational in silico design approaches
- On-target and off-target side effects

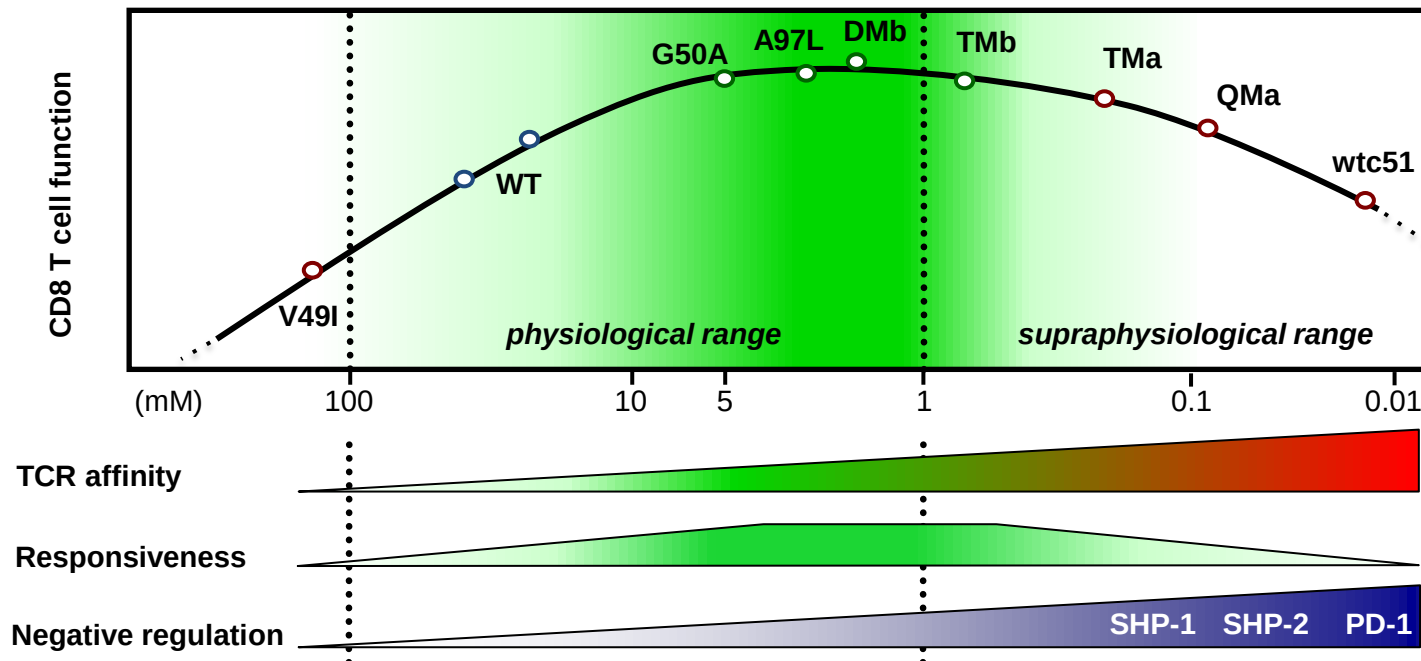
Aim 1: can we optimize TCR affinity and T cell function?



LAU 155 Derré et al., PNAS, 2008

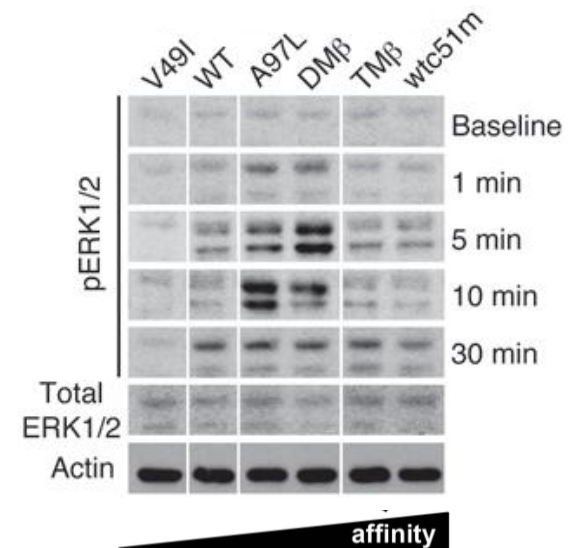
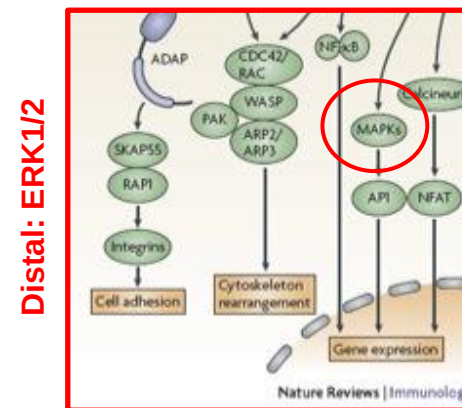
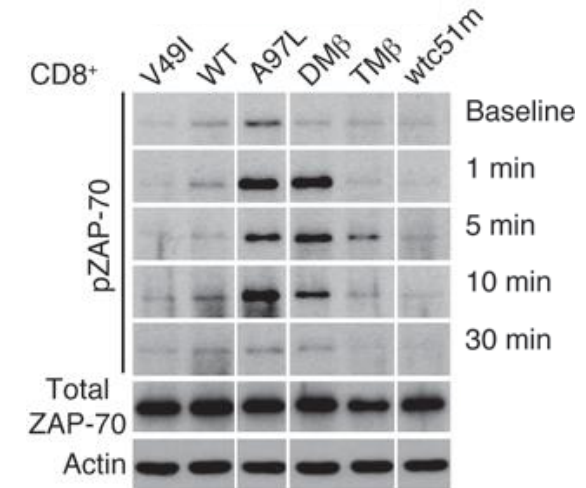
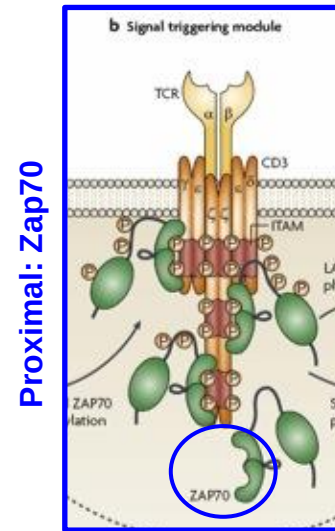
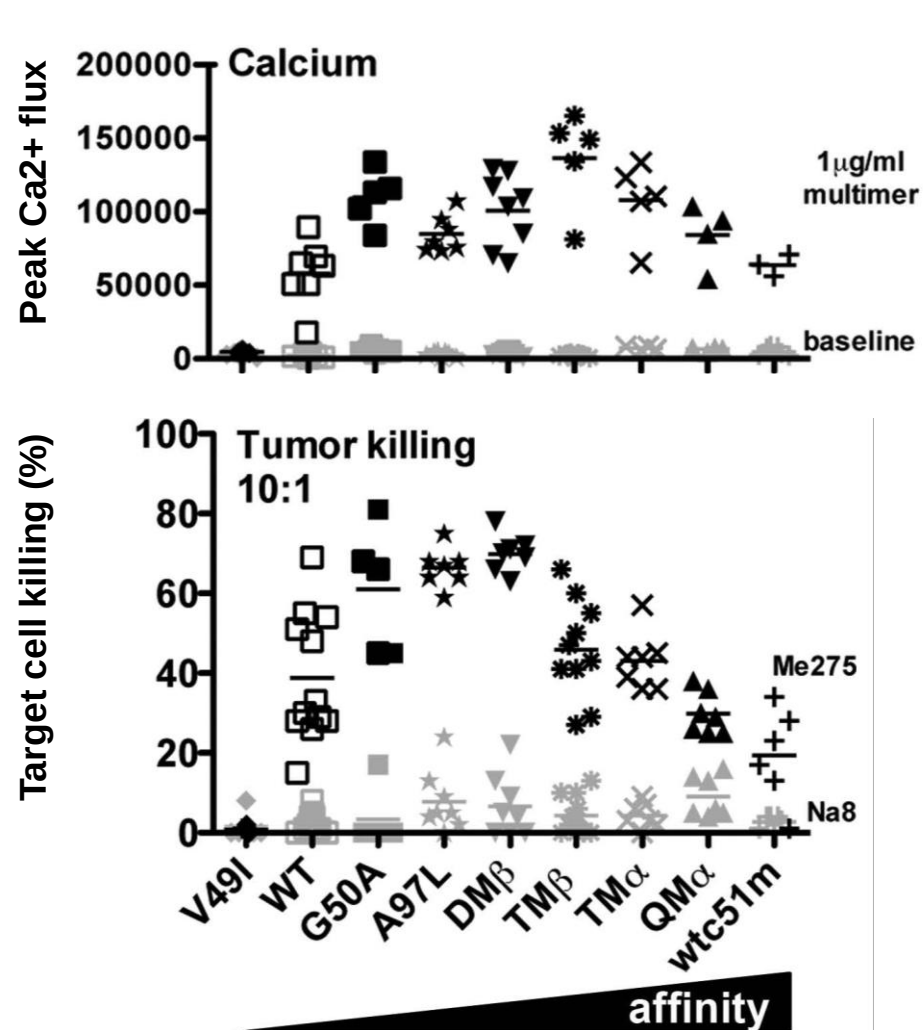


In silico structure-based approach
(Olivier Michielin's group)

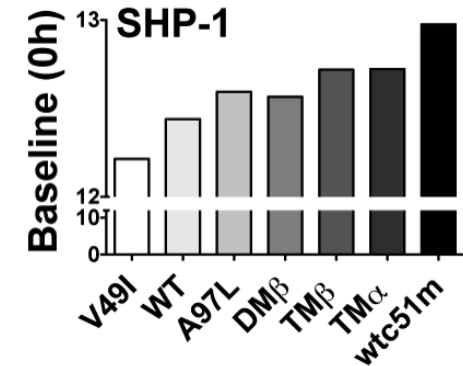
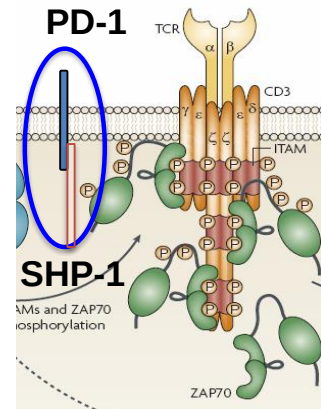
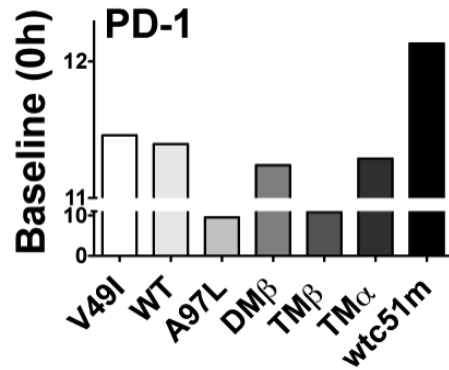


Schmid et al., J Immunol, 2010; Irving et al., J Biol Chem, 2012; Hebeisen et al., J Clin Invest, 2013

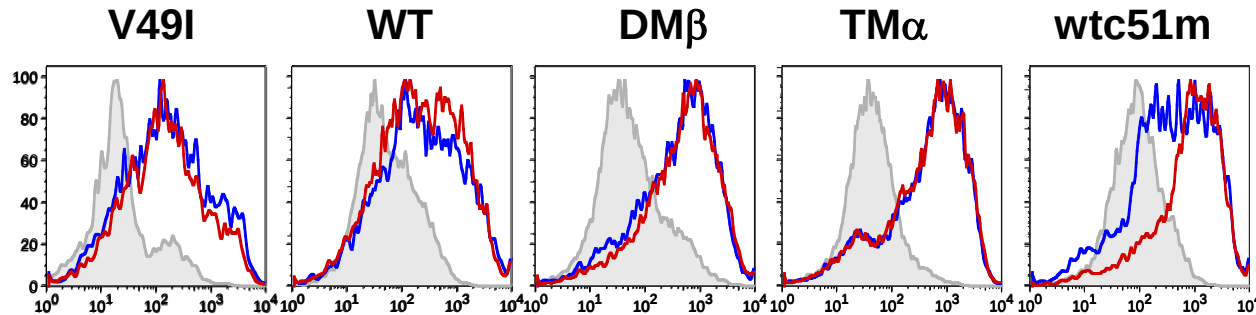
An affinity window for optimal T cell signaling and function



PD-1 inhibitory receptor and SHP-1/SHP-2 phosphatases

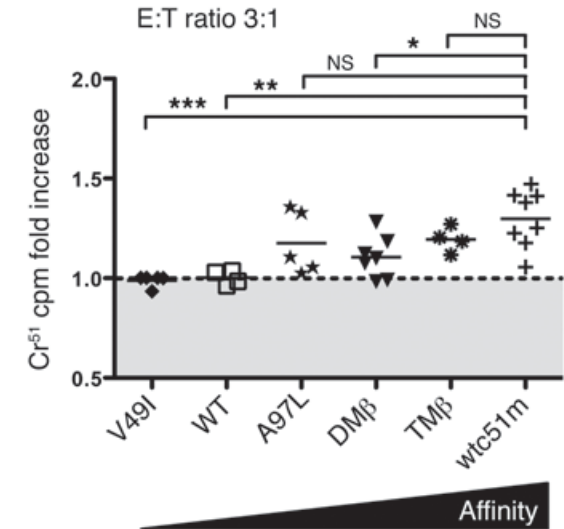


CD107 degranulation assays



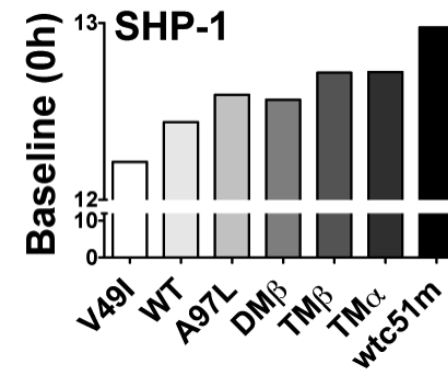
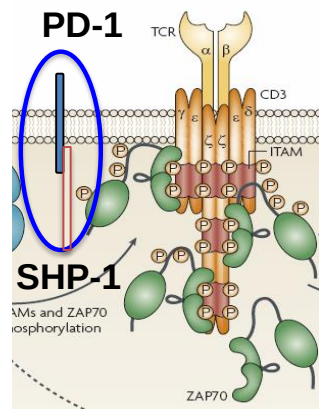
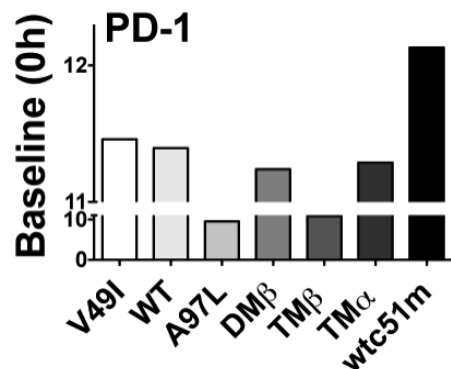
anti-PD-L1 abs for 3-4 days of culture

Killing assays

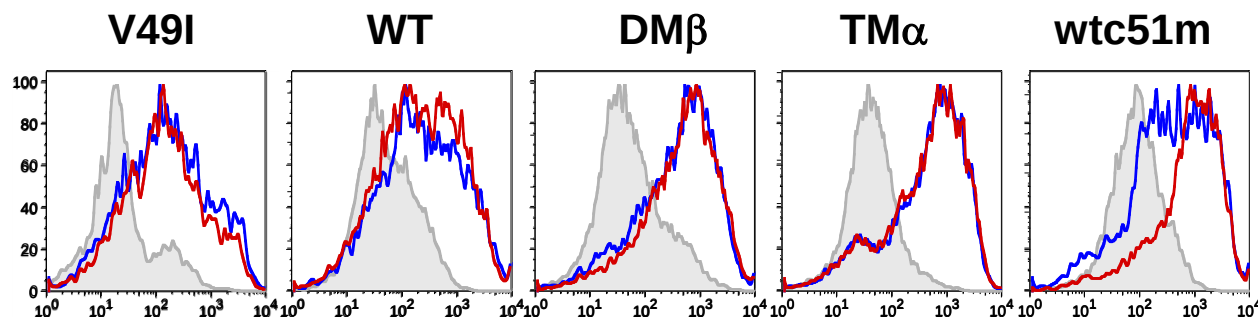


SSG (sodium stibogluconate)
50 ug/ml for 3-4 days of culture

PD-1 inhibitory receptor and SHP-1/SHP-2 phosphatases

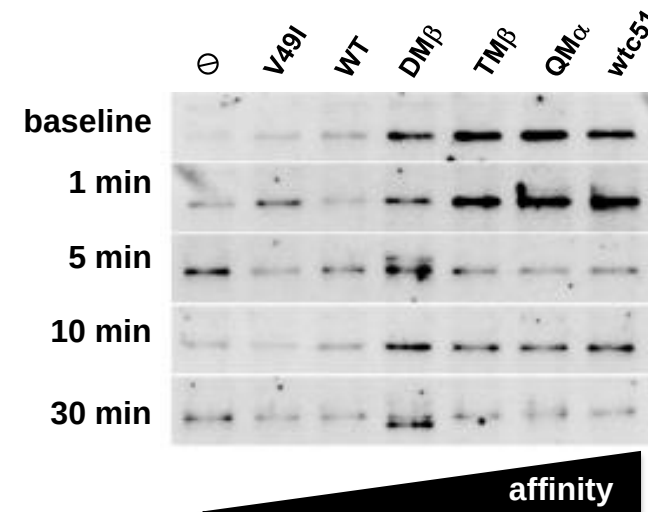


CD107 degranulation assays



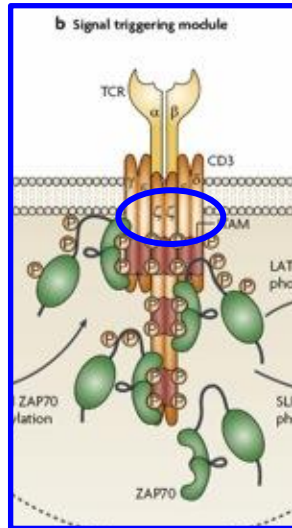
anti-PD-L1 abs for 3-4 days of culture

pSHP-2 (Y580)

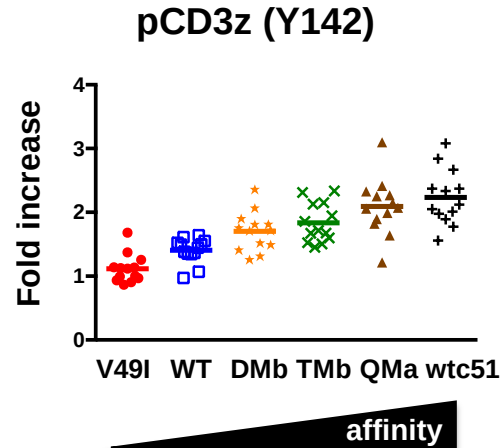


Mechanisms regulating T cells with enhanced TCR affinities

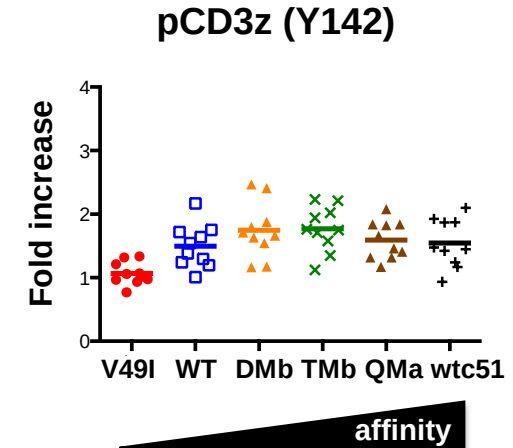
Proximal TCR-mediated signaling complex



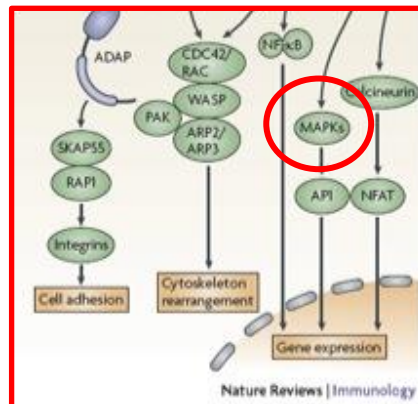
early post stimulation



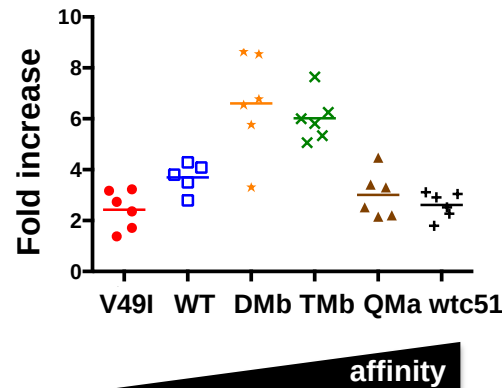
late post stimulation



Distal signaling

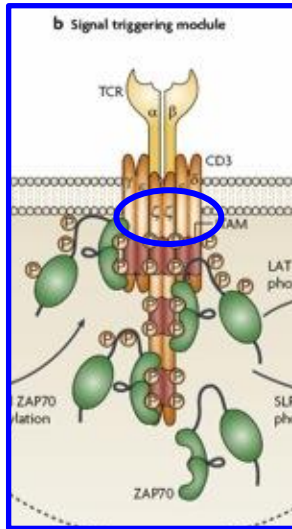


pERK1/2 (pY202/pY204)

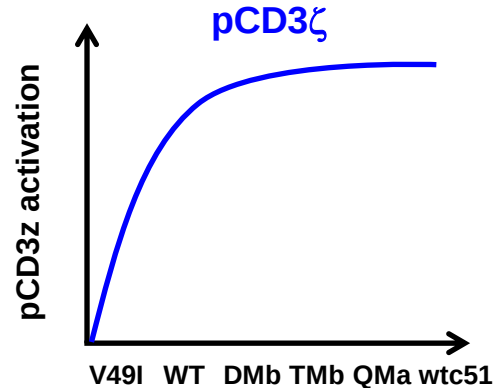


Mechanisms regulating T cells with enhanced TCR affinities

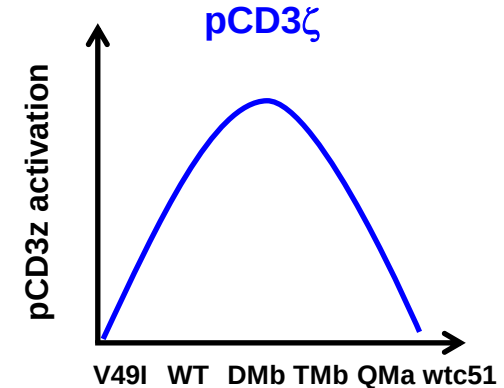
Proximal TCR-mediated signaling complex



early post stimulation



late post stimulation

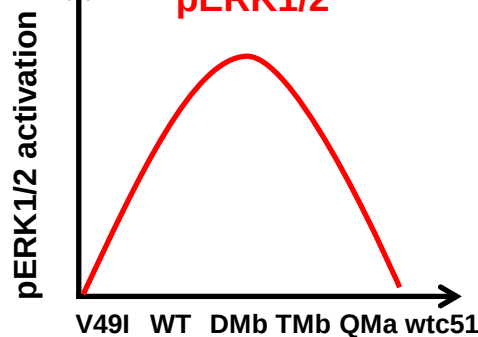
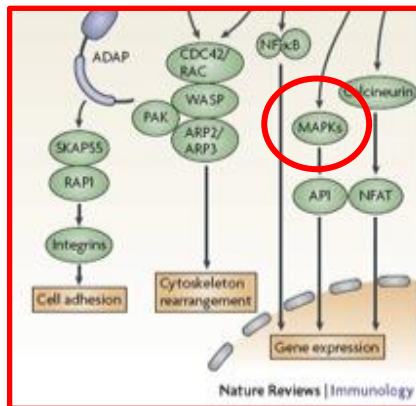


1st level of regulation

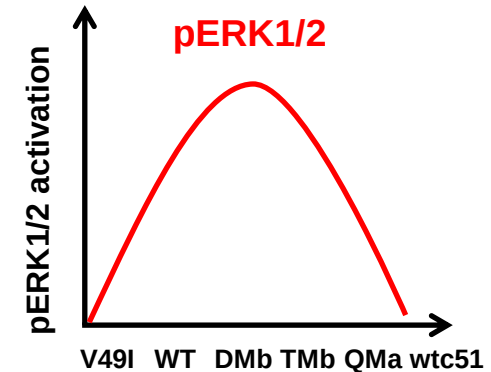


2nd level of regulation

Distal signaling

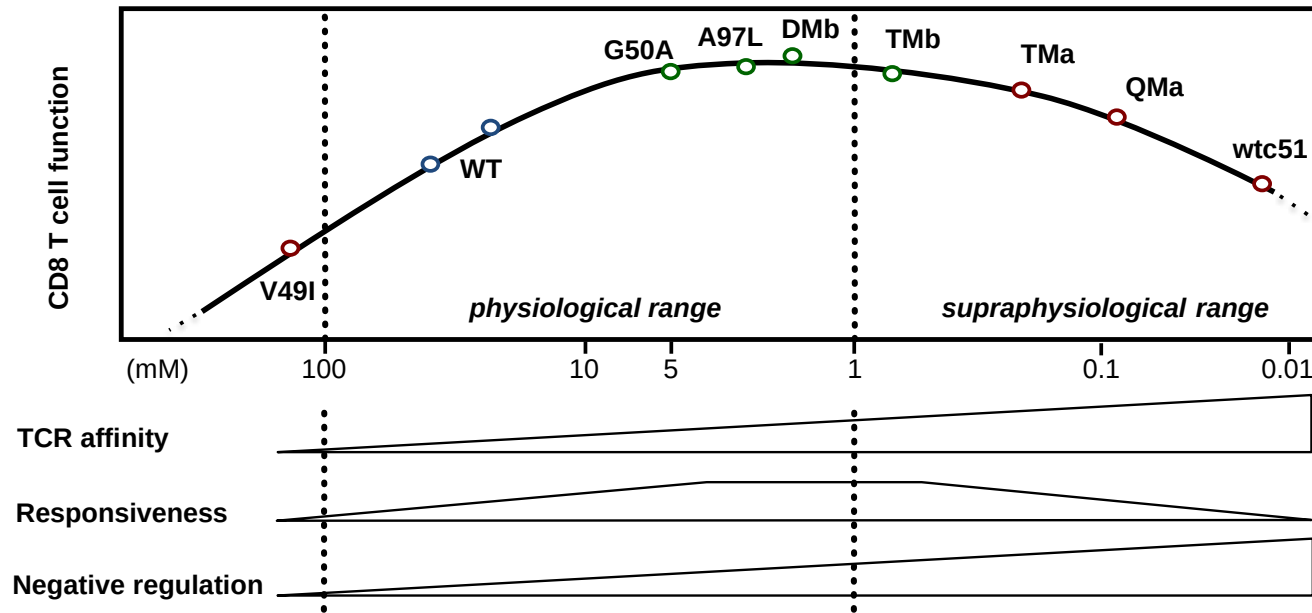


affinity



affinity

Can we optimize TCR affinity and T cell function?

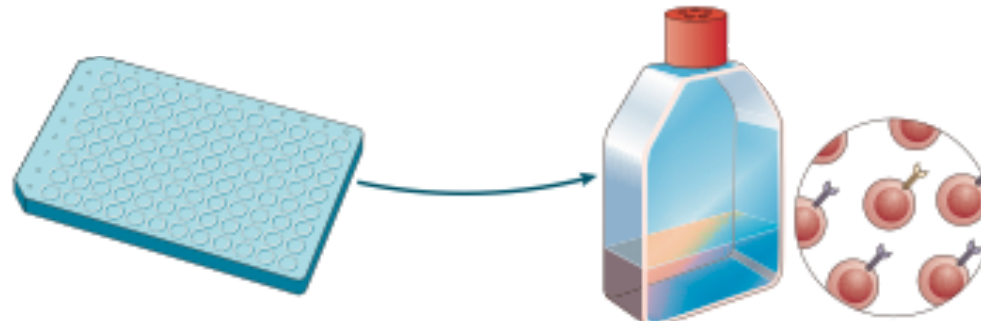


Optimal anti-tumor T cell responses occur within a well-defined TCR affinity window and are tightly controlled through several TCR affinity-mediated regulatory mechanisms

Highlight the importance of assessing TCR-pMHC affinity/avidity in relation to its functional efficacy for optimizing adoptive cell transfer

Optimization of TCR:pMHC affinity against cancer cells

Most anti-(self) tumor-specific T cell responses are mediated by low avidity CD8 T cells due to mechanisms of central and peripheral tolerance.



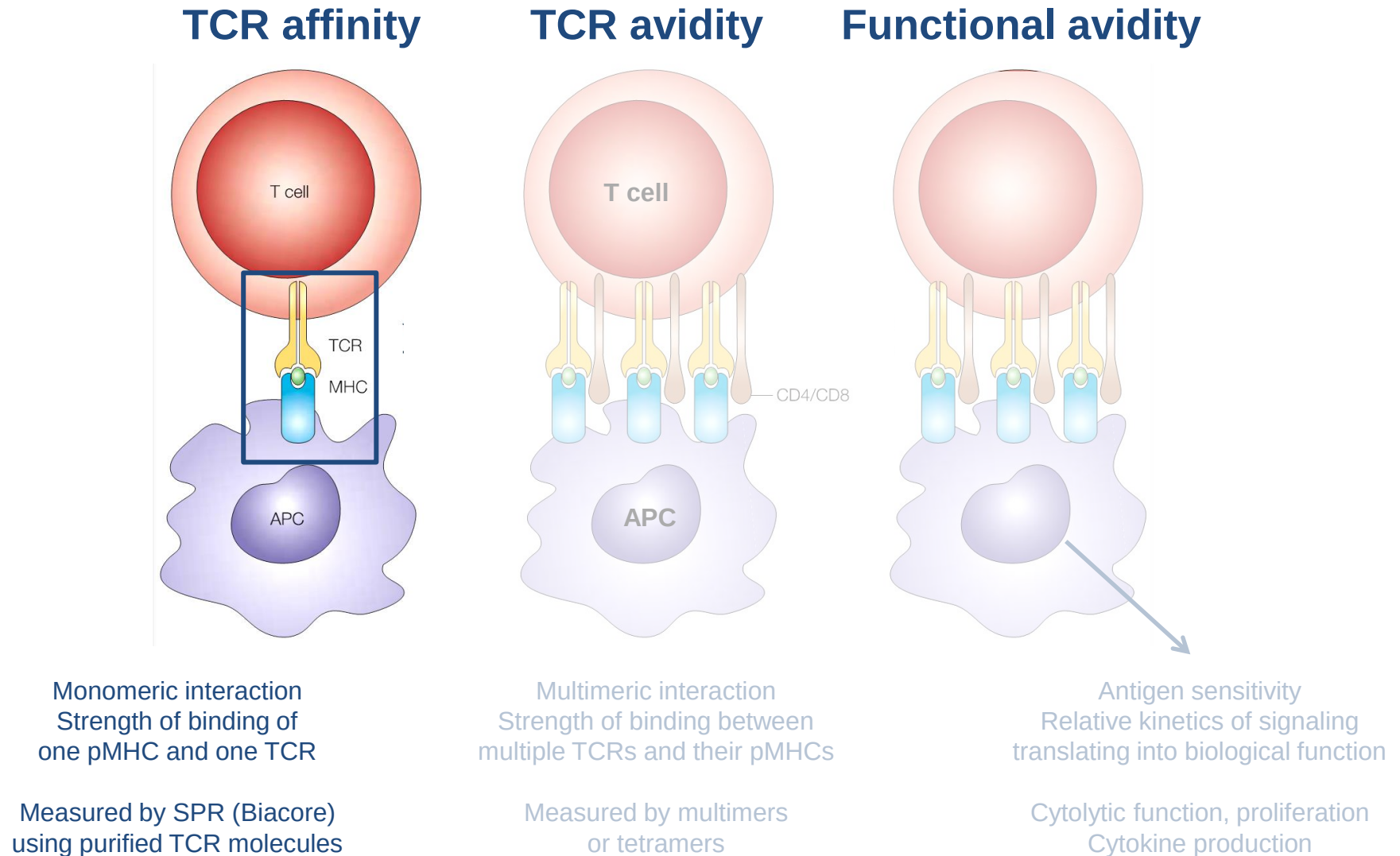
Identification and selection of efficient anti-tumor T cells

- T cell functionality
- Memory properties
- TCR affinity/avidity

Engineering T cells with increased TCR affinity against tumor antigens

- Phage-display approaches
- Rational in silico design approaches
- On-target and off-target side effects

TCR avidity is a major correlate of protection from disease

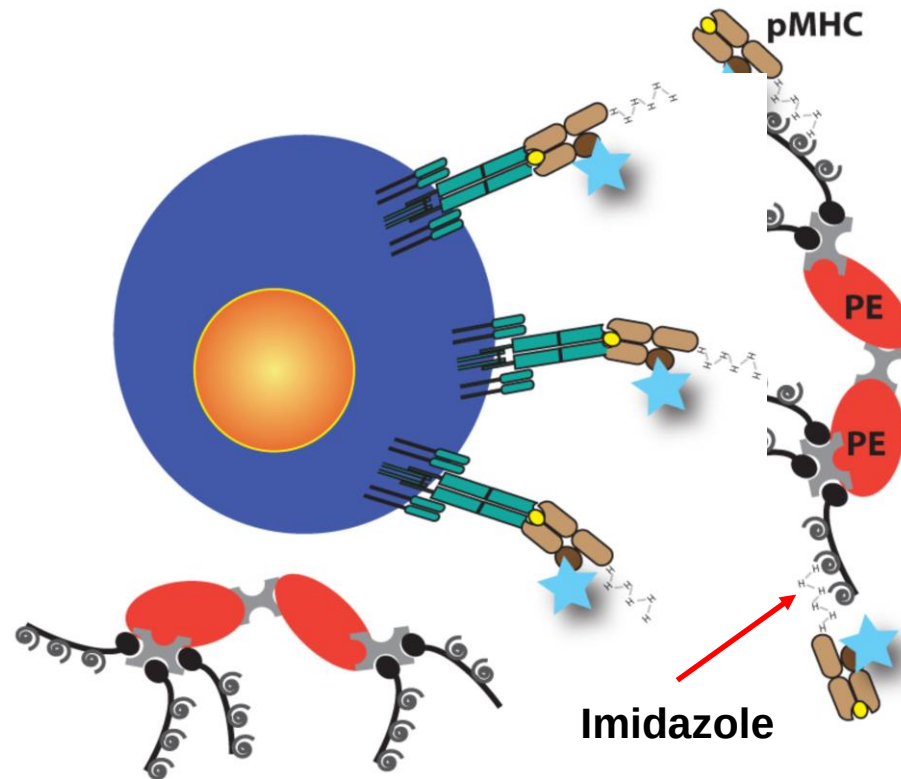


Aim 2: Can we identify and select for efficient anti-tumor T cells?

NTAmers

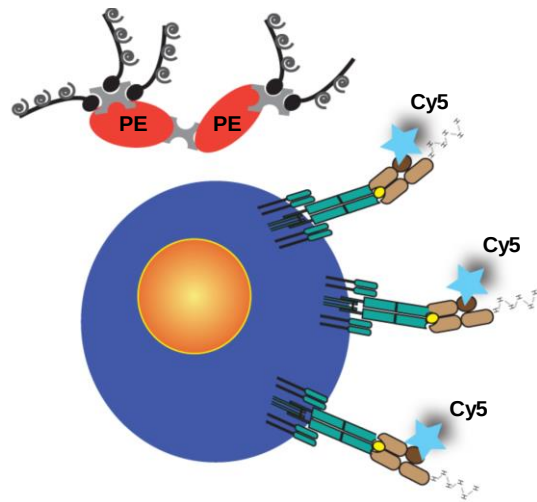
TCMetrix

Multimeric interaction
Stable (hours)

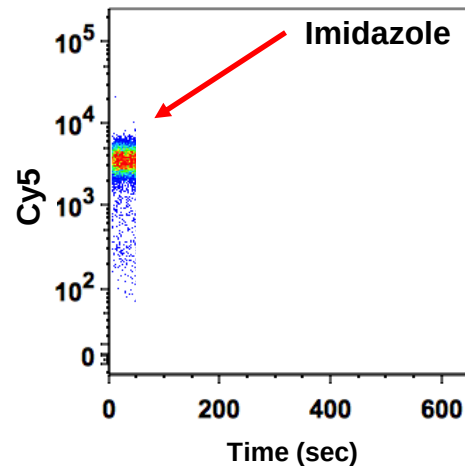
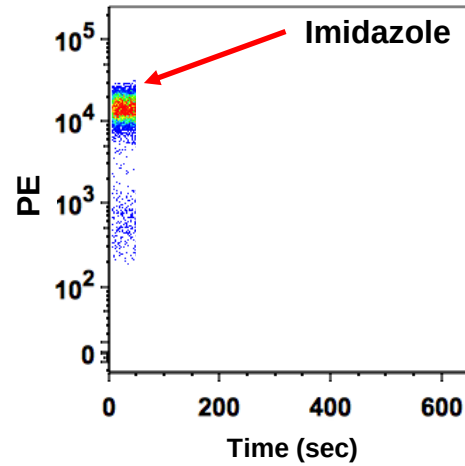


NTAmers for monomeric dissociation rate measurements

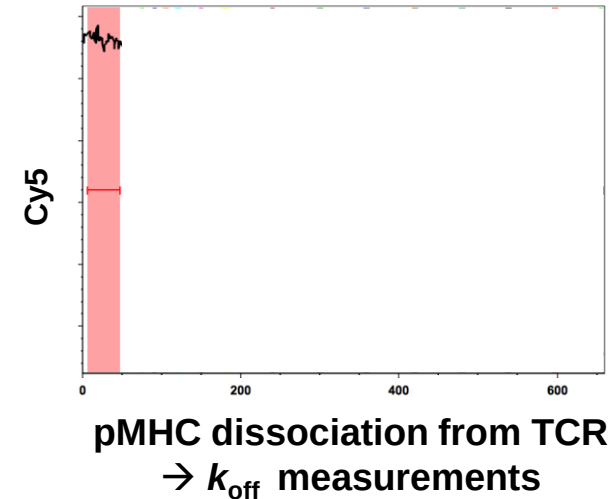
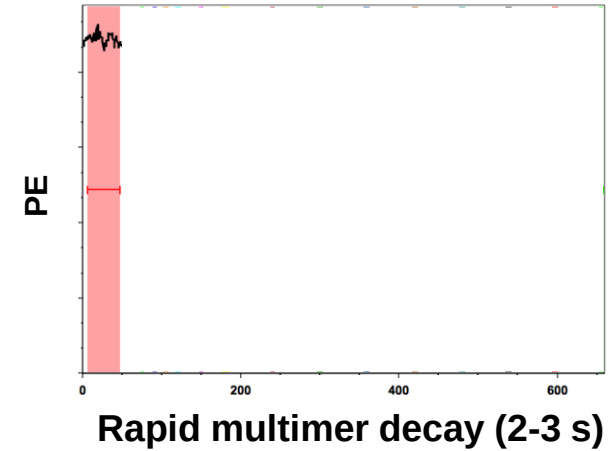
NTAmers
TCMetrix



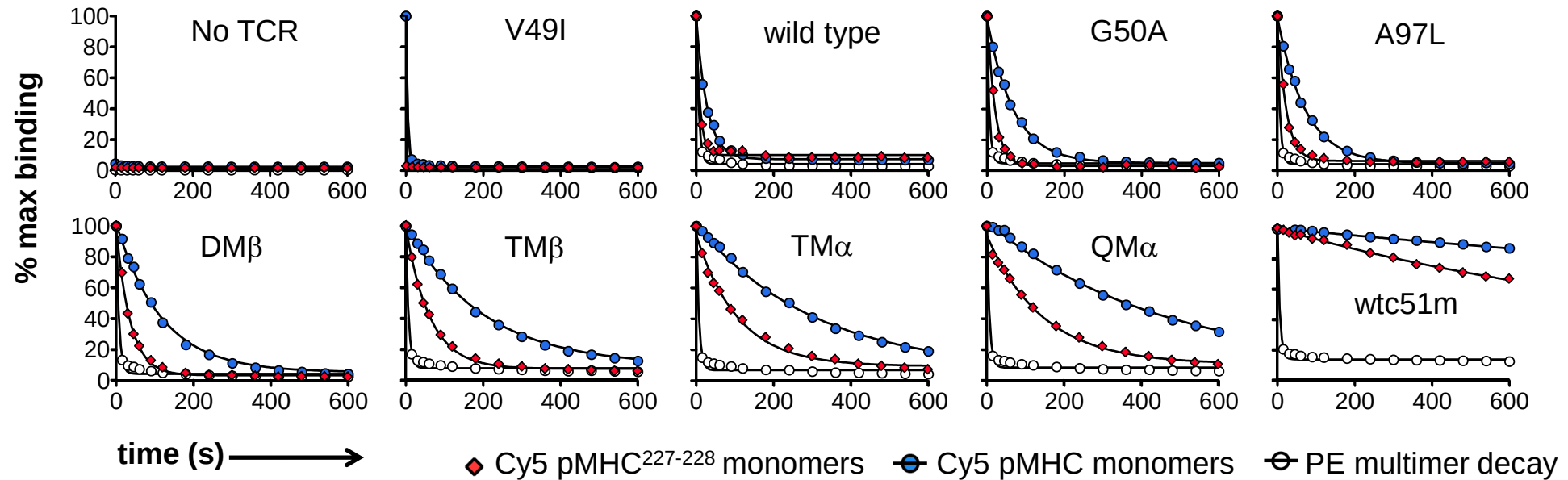
FACS



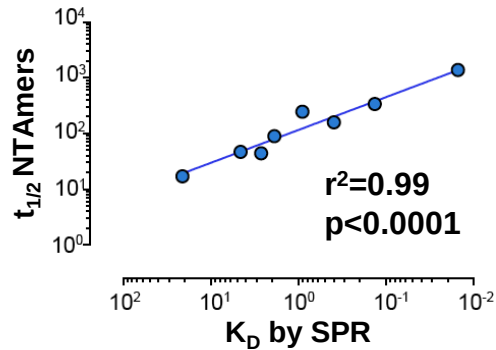
FlowJo Kinetics



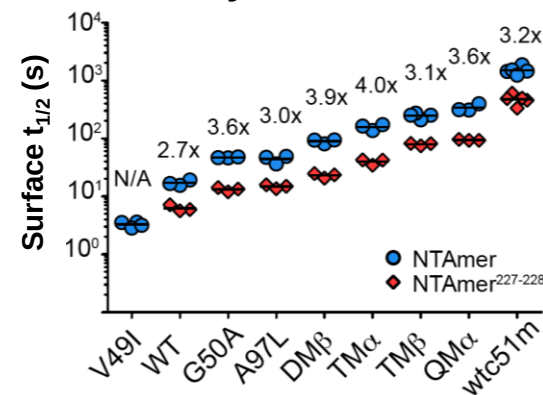
Correlations between NTAmers and SPR measured affinities



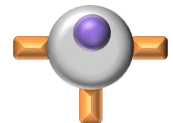
Strong correlation with SPR



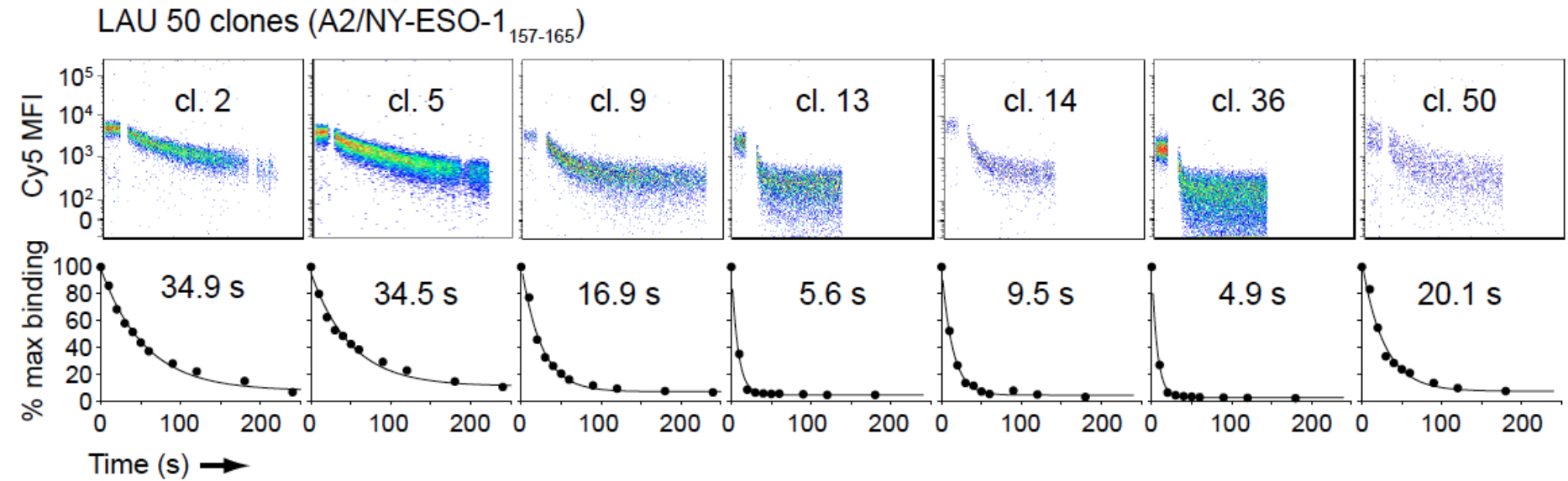
CD8 prolongs TCR-pMHC half-life by a factor 3-4x



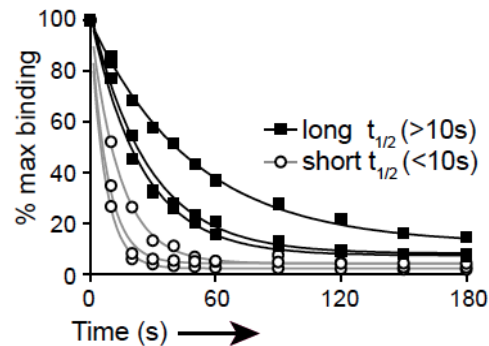
Panel of TCRs with increasing affinity



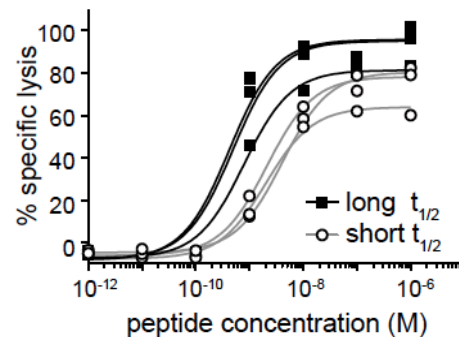
Assessing TCR:pMHC kinetics within the physiological range



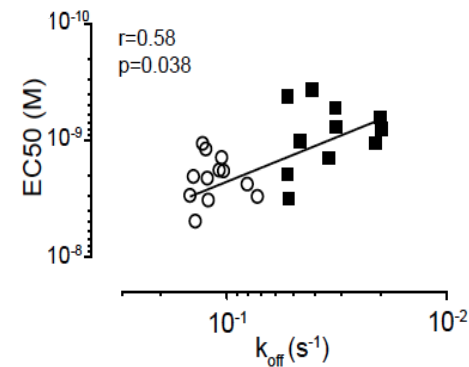
Monomeric $t_{1/2}$ analysis



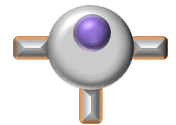
Killing assay



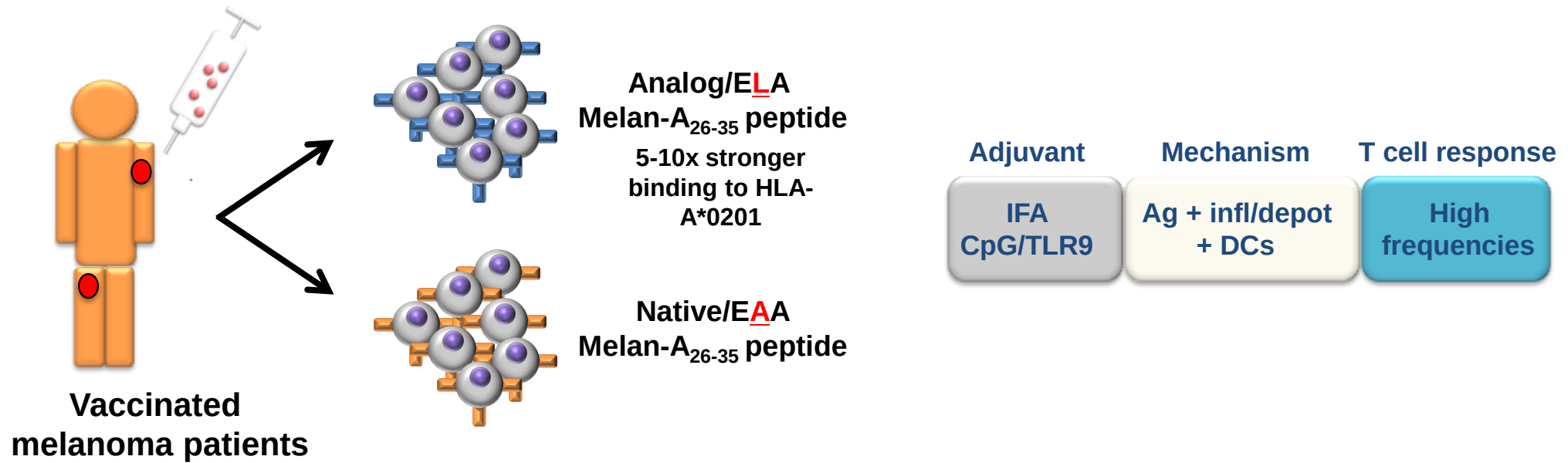
A2/NY-ESO-1₁₅₇₋₁₆₅



Panel of naturally occurring TCRs



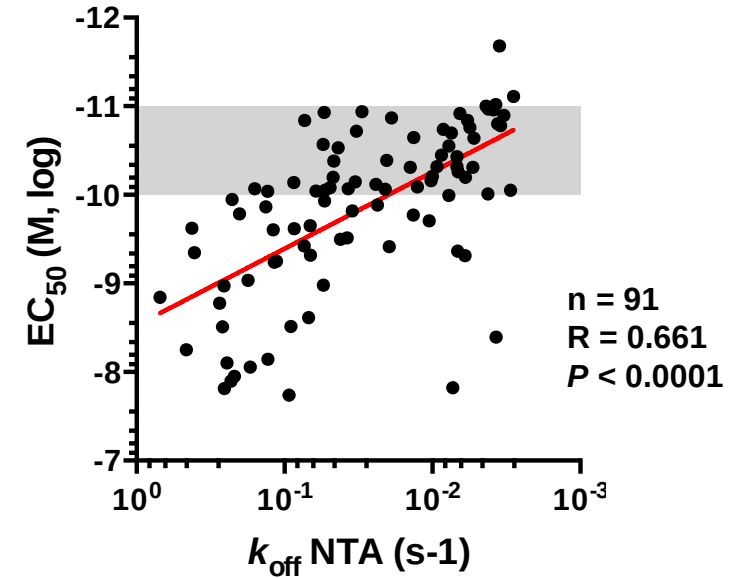
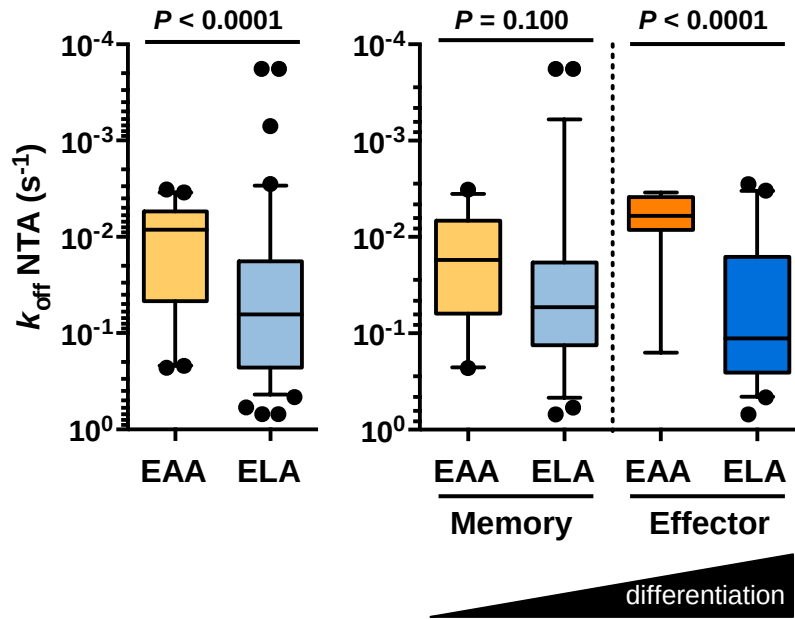
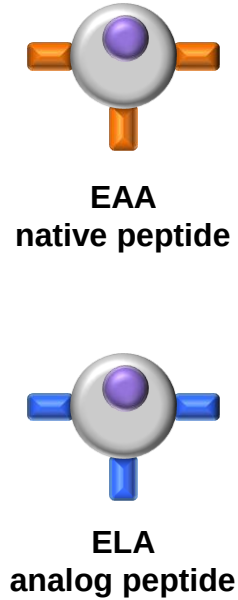
A clinically relevant model : impact of peptide vaccination



Vaccination	T cell frequency	TCR avidity	Poly functionality	Tumor recognition
Low affinity native E _A AGIGILTV	+	?	+++	+++
High affinity analog EL _A AGIGILTV	++		+	+

NTAmers predict tumor-specific T cell responsiveness

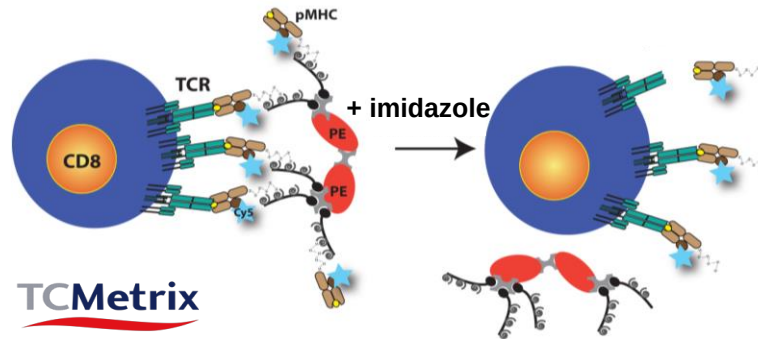
Large panel of
vaccine-induced TCRs



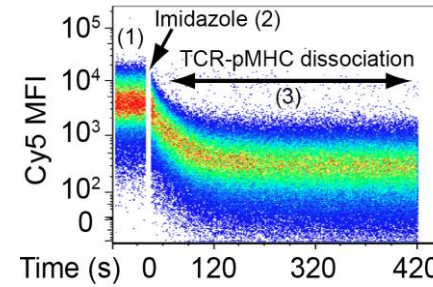
1. Native Melan-A peptide vaccine selects of a high avidity TCR repertoire
2. TCR avidity correlates with the functional competence of vaccine-induced tumor-specific T cells

Can we identify and select for efficient anti-tumor T cells?

Reversible NTAmers



k_{off} analysis



NTAmer technology enables efficient and direct quantification of surface-based monomeric TCR:pMHC dissociation rates in a high-throughput manner

NTAmers accurately predicted T function, allowing the direct isolation and selection of rare functionally most-relevant CD8 T cells for adoptive cell transfer therapy

Collaborative network

Dpt Oncology



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Mathilde Allard

Philippe Gannon

Michaël Hebeisen

Alexandre Huber

Danilo Presotto

Olivier Michielin

Vincent Zoete

Caroline Poisson

George Coukos

Marie-Agnes Doucey

Steven Dunn

Melita Irving

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Petra Baumgaertner

Silvia Fuertes Marraco

Pedro Romero

Jan Dudda

Alena Donda

Immanuel Luescher



Julien Schmidt

Philippe Guillaume

Biochemistry, UNIL



Margot Thome

Manfredo Quadroni

