

216P; Prognostic Role of Ki67 Cutoff & mPEPI Score for Neoadjuvant ‘Chemotherapy’ in Locally Advanced HER2 Negative ‘Luminal’ Breast Cancer



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Background

Neoadjuvant hormone therapy is effective in in locally advanced Her2(-) luminal breast cancer (LA HnLBC). Role of neoadjuvant chemotherapy (NAC) & *mPEPI score after NAC* is unclear in LA HnLBC. We evaluated prognostic & predictive factors for NAC in LA HnLBC retrospectively.

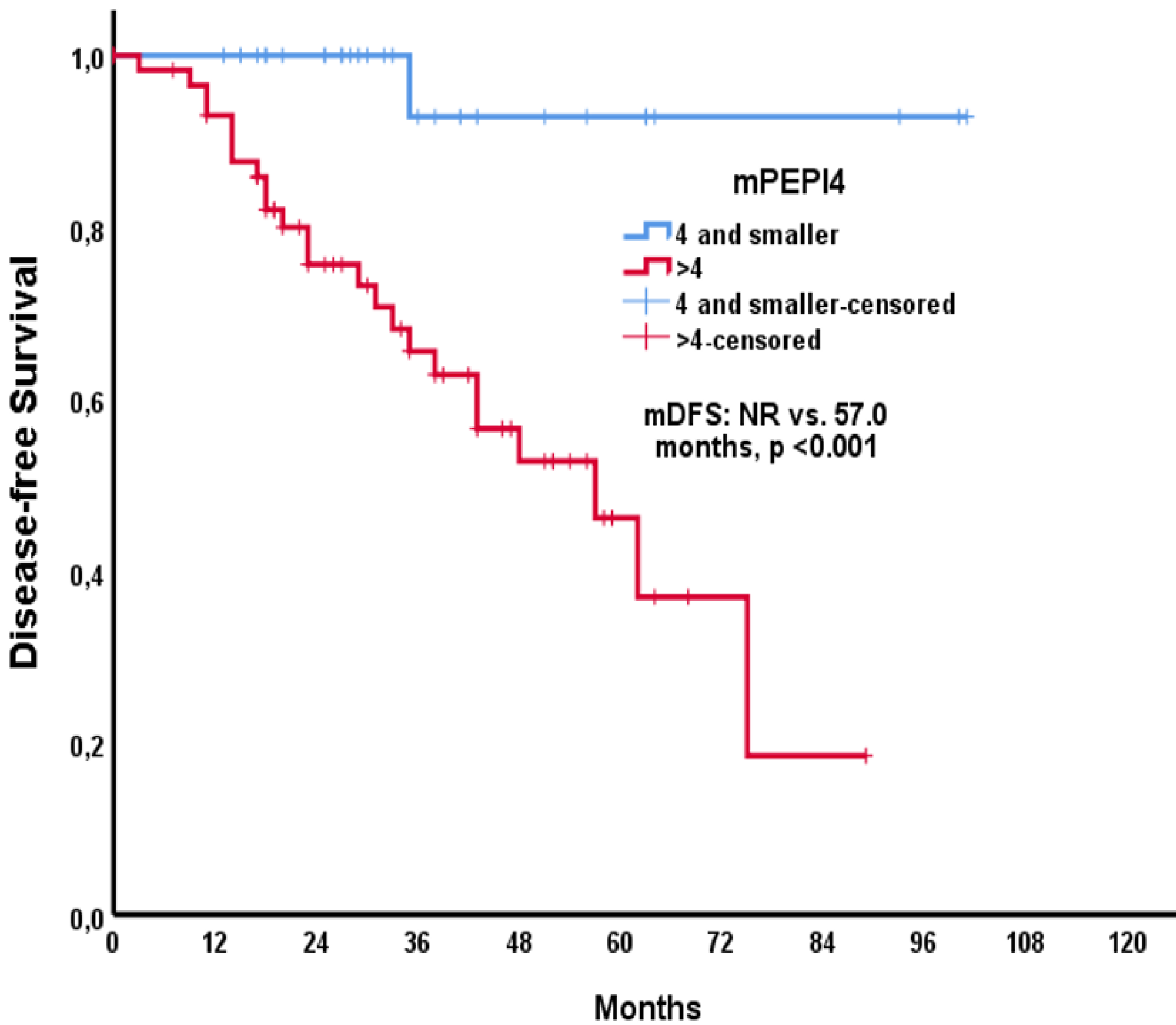
Methods

All patients (pts) had doxorubicin +/- taxane as NAC. They were grouped for pathologic response rate (A: pCR, n:26 & B: non pCR , n:116) & categorized for PR, ki67, ki67 decline & mPEPI score. Ki67 cutoffs were taken as 20 (by literature) & median values in our study.

| Model 1 | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|
| | | DFS | | OS | |
| | | HR (95% CI) | p | HR (95% CI) | p |
| Ki 67 % | | | | | |
| | <40 | 1.00 | 0.016 | 1.00 | 0.039 |
| | ≥40 | 3.256 (1.244-8.521) | | 3.394 (1.062-10.846) | |
| Ki 67 po % | | | | | |
| | <20 | 1.00 | 0.004 | 1.00 | 0.025 |
| | ≥20 | 8.312 (1.941-35.585) | | 10.110 (1.329-76.919) | |
| Ki 67 decline % | | | | | |
| | ≥30 | 1.00 | 0.731 | 1.00 | 0.752 |
| | <30 | 0.783 (0.194-3.154) | | 1.303 (0.252-6.745) | |
| mPEPI score | | | | | |
| | ≤4 | 1.00 | 0.175 | NA | NA |
| | >4 | 4.879 (0.495-48.123) | | NA | |
| Model 2 | | | | | |
| Ki 67 % | | | | | |
| | <40 | 1.00 | 0.005 | 1.00 | 0.006 |
| | ≥40 | 3.967 (1.518-10.368) | | 5.445 (1.612-18.390) | |
| Ki 67 po % | | | | | |
| | <40 | 1.00 | 0.105 | 1.00 | 0.772 |
| | ≥40 | 2.159 (0.851-5.480) | | 1.213 (0.327-4.501) | |
| Ki 67 decline % | | | | | |
| | ≥30 | 1.00 | 0.901 | 1.00 | 0.022 |
| | <30 | 1.090 (0.278-4.278) | | 4.579 (1.244-16.862) | |
| mPEPI score | | | | | |
| | ≤4 | 1.00 | 0.014 | NA | NA |
| | >4 | 12.541 (1.678-93.706) | | NA | |

Results

142 LA HnLBC pts were included. Median age was 53 years. 57.7% in A , 54.3% in B were postmenopausal. pCR rate was 18.3%. Median ER/PR/ki67 were 90/40/40 %. Ki67 cutoffs were 20 (by literature) & 40 (median level for both basal & postoperative). Basal features for A & B were similar except T stage & grade (G) (p=0.03, p=0.03). Group A had more T2 (73%), G3 (69%) & B had more T3 (21%), G2(46%) tumors. A had lower mPEPI (3.5 vs 5, p=0.05). 5y-DFS was 69% (93.8% vs 63.4%, p=0.012). 5y-OS was 77% (100% vs 72%, p=0.018). In univariate analysis, high basal / (po) ki67 levels, ki67 decline & mPEPI score were significant poor prognostic factors for DFS (p=0.01, p<0.001, p=0.017, p<0.001) & OS (p=0.006, p=0.003, p=0.05, p=0.001) in group B. Cox regression analysis by po ki67 cutoffs as 20 (model 1) & 40 (model 2) is shown in table 1. Prognostic cutoffs were determined as 40 for basal ki67 (DFS & OS), 20 for po ki67 (DFS), 4 for mPEPI (DFS) & 30 for ki67 decline (OS).



Conclusions

Favorable prognostic factors were defined as lower basal ki67 level (<40%) & higher ki67 decline rate (<30%) for OS; lower basal ki67 level (<40%), po ki 67 level (<20%) & mPEPI score (≤4) for DFS after NAC in LA HnLBC. Different prognostic cutoffs for basal & po ki67 is striking. mPEPI score may also have role after NAC, as if after neoadjuvant hormone therapy in selected LA HnLBC pts. Prospective clinicals trials are needed in this area