

Cetuximab in combination with capecitabine and cisplatin as first-line treatment in advanced gastric cancer: Randomized controlled phase III EXPAND study

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Disclosures

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Rationale for cetuximab in advanced gastric cancer (AGC)

- EGFR pathway is important for tumor growth and metastasis
 - Rates of EGFR over-expression vary in AGC
- Cetuximab
 - Chimeric IgG1 monoclonal antibody targeting EGFR
 - Mediates antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC)
 - Effective and safe in mCRC and SCCHN
 - Promising results in phase II studies in AGC¹⁻³

Study design

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N=870

Cetuximab

400 mg/m² initial dose,
then 250 mg/m² per week

Cisplatin

80 mg/m² d1

Capecitabine

1000 mg/m² twice daily;
evening d1- morning d15

3-week cycle

Cisplatin

80 mg/m² d1

Capecitabine

1000 mg/m² twice daily;
evening d1- morning d15

3-week cycle

Study treatment until:

- Radiographically documented PD
- Unacceptable toxicity
- Withdrawal of consent

- Stratified by: disease status, prior esophago-/gastrectomy, prior (neo-) adjuvant chemo (radio) therapy

Endpoints and statistical assumptions

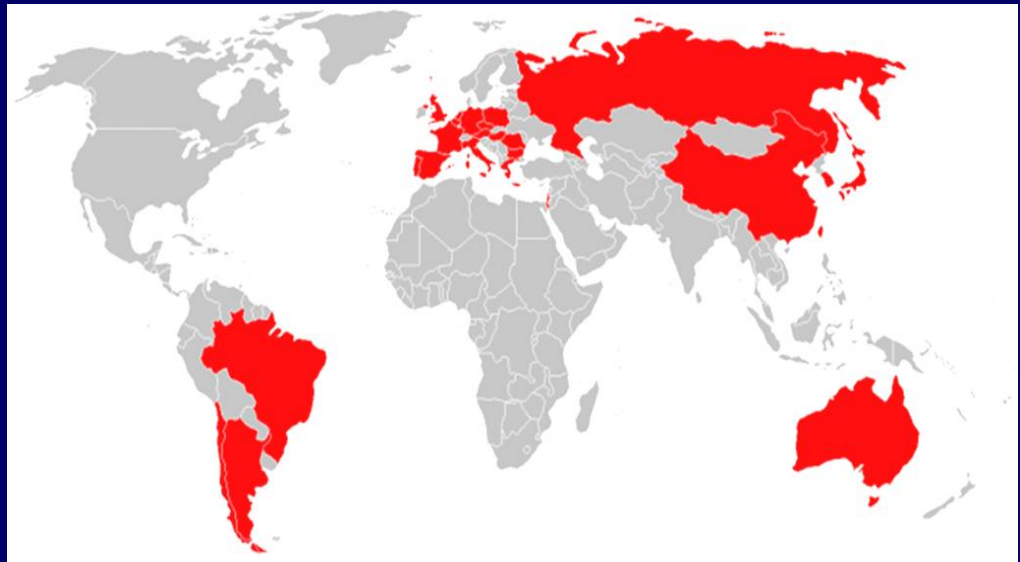
- **Primary endpoint:** PFS assessed by independent review
- **Secondary endpoints:** OS, ORR, safety, QoL, biomarkers
- **Statistical assumptions**
 - 631 events required to detect HR=0.8 with 80% power and $\alpha=0.05$ for:
 - PFS (median PFS improvement from 5.6 to 7 months)
 - OS (median OS improvement from 10 to 12.5 months)
 - Required sample size: 870 patients
- Protocol amended to make final analysis at 631 PFS events or 31 March 2012 (whichever occurred first)
 - Due to lower than expected PFS event rate

Main eligibility criteria

- Adenocarcinoma of the stomach or GEJ
- Measurable disease according to RECIST (version 1)
- Unresectable advanced (M0) or metastatic (M1) disease
- Adequate hematological and organ function and ECOG PS <2
- No previous chemotherapy for advanced disease
- No previous adjuvant chemotherapy within 1 year and <300 mg/m² cisplatin administered
- No prior treatment with anti-EGFR and/or VEGF(R) targeting agents
- No clinically relevant cardiac disease (CAD, CHF, cardiomyopathy, MI within 1 year or high risk of uncontrolled arrhythmia)

Trial conduct

- From June 2008 to December 2010, 904 patients randomized
- Total of 164 sites in 25 countries worldwide
- Recruitment temporarily suspended in 2009 after 380 patients randomized, due to an imbalance in cardiac events detected by DSMB, and restarted after implementation of a cardiac monitoring programme
- Data cut-off for final analysis
 - 31 March 2012



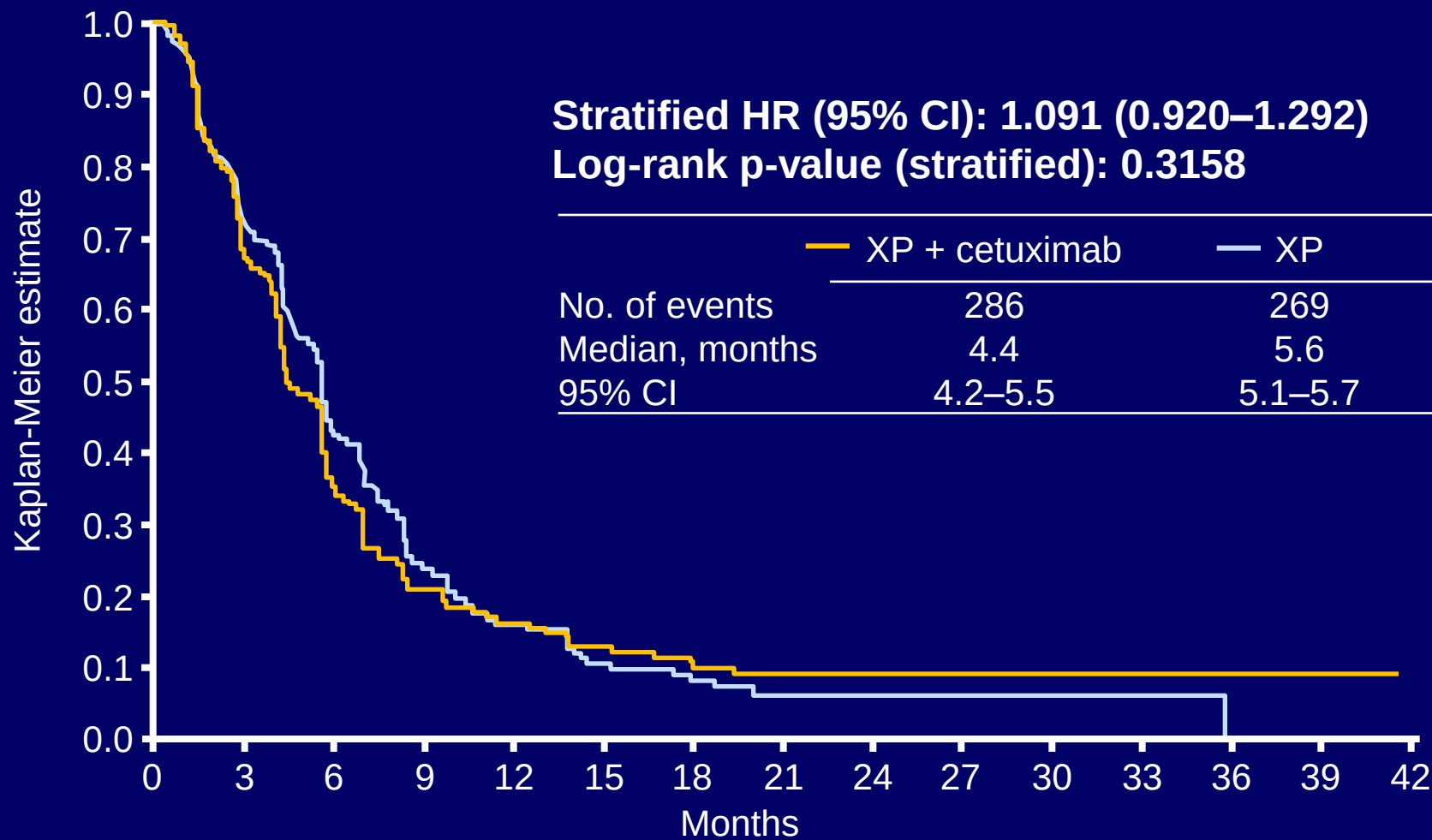
Demographics and disease characteristics

Parameter, %	XP + cetuximab n=455	XP n=449
Male/female	75/25	74/26
Age, yrs, median (range)	60 (23–84)	59 (18–81)
≥65 yrs	31	31
ECOG PS, 0/1	52/48	51/49
Ethnic origin		
Caucasian	53	55
Asian	38	37
Other	9	8
Primary site, stomach/GEJ	83/16	83/16
Histological type (Laurén)		
Intestinal	36	33
Diffuse	17	21
Mixed	5	6
Unknown	42	40
Peritoneal metastasis, Yes/No	25/75	26/74
Disease status*, locally advanced/metastatic	4/96	3/97
Prior esophago- or gastrectomy*, Yes/No	20/80	20/80
Prior (neo-) adjuvant/ chemo (radio) therapy*, Yes/No	6/94	6/94

*Stratification factors

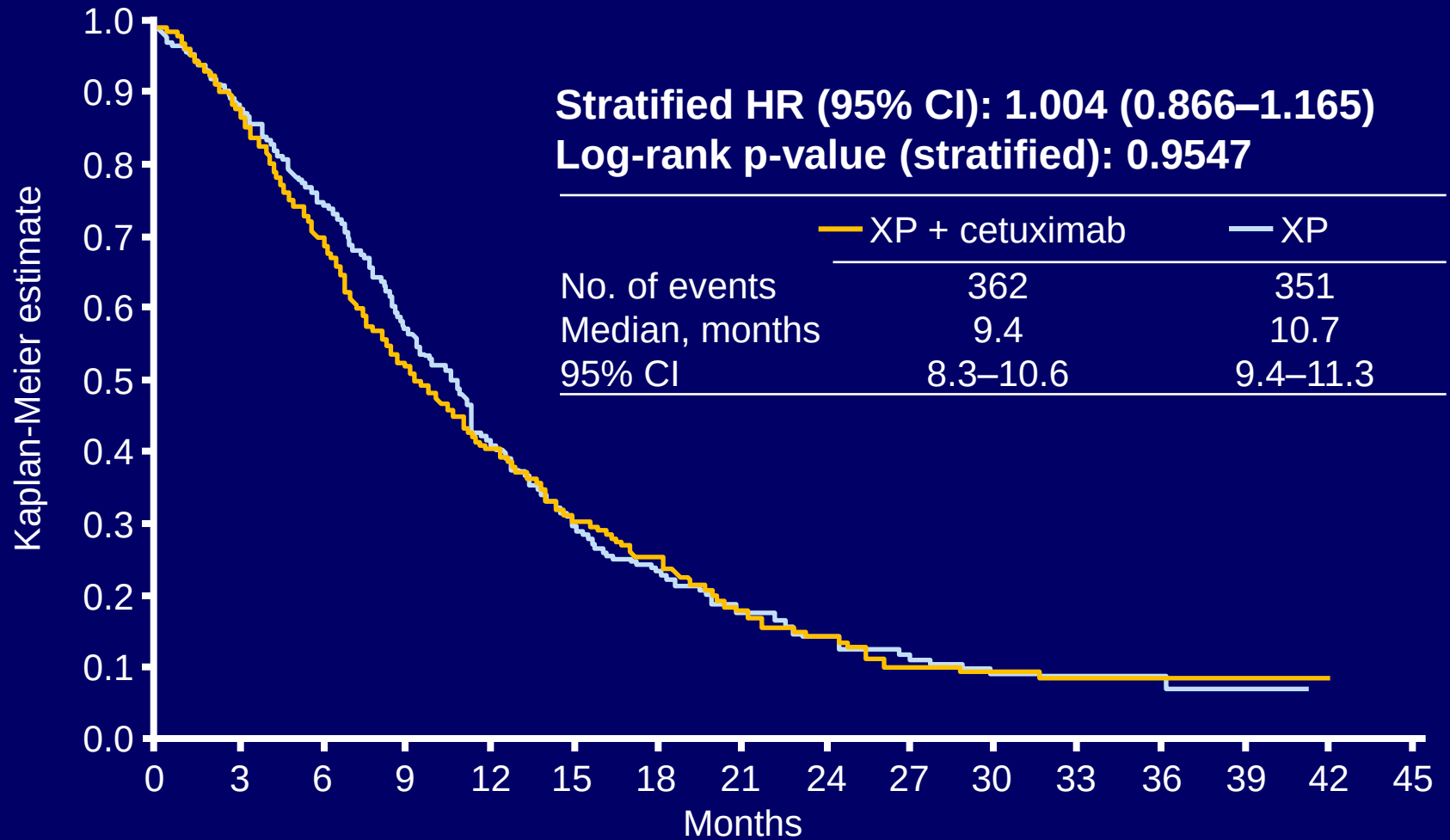
XP, capecitabine (Xeloda®) and cisplatin

Primary endpoint: PFS (IRC)



XP + cetuximab	455	233	94	44	30	20	14	8	4	4	3	3	1	1	0
XP	449	244	116	50	29	17	10	4	4	4	4	2	0	0	0

Overall survival

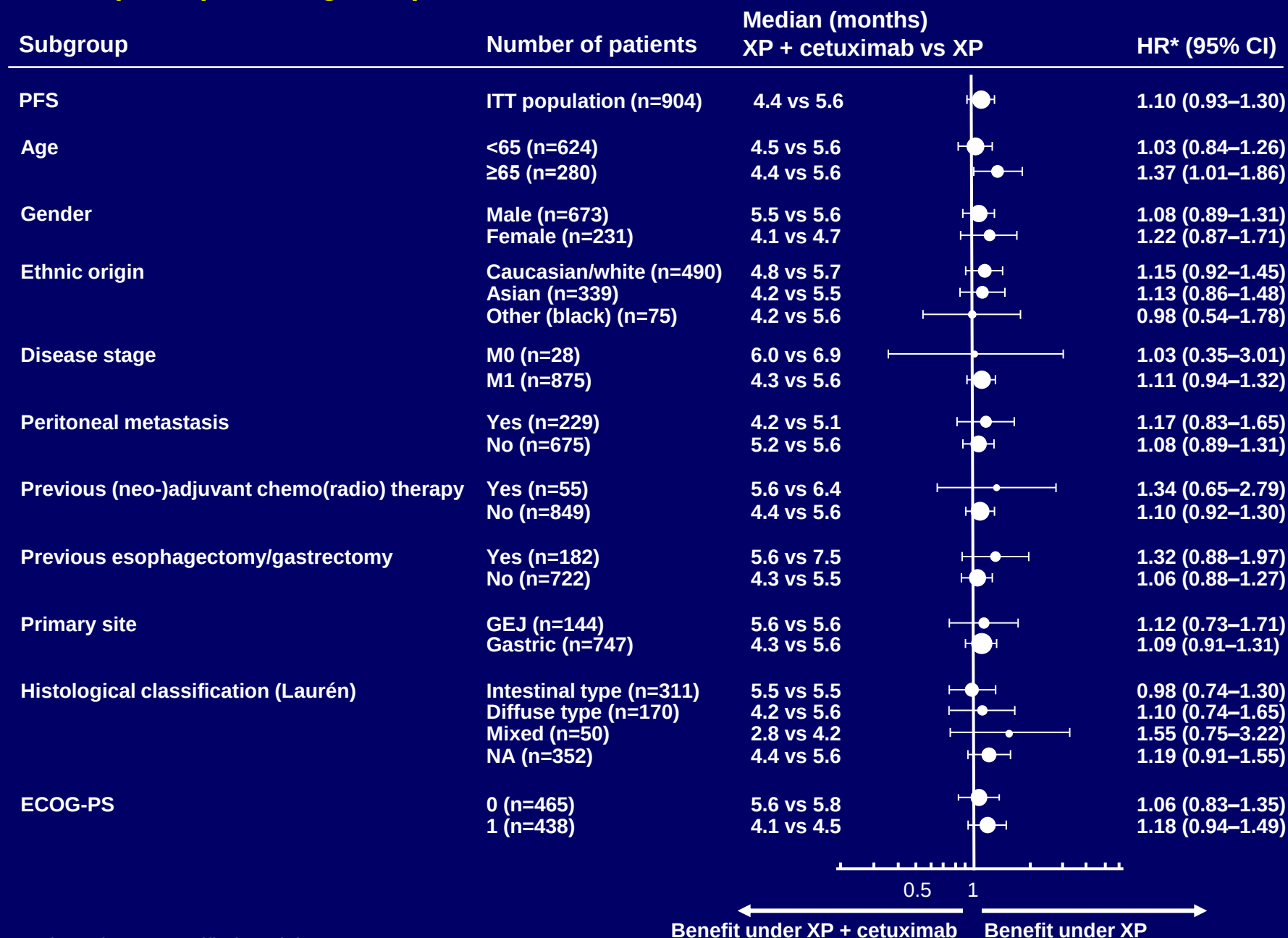


XP + cetuximab	455	382	298	224	171	129	91	51	27	16	14	12	5	2	1	0
XP	449	379	314	238	169	119	77	39	26	18	15	14	5	1	0	0

Best overall response (IRC)

Parameter, n (%)	XP + cetuximab n=455	XP n=449
Best overall response rate (CR+PR) 95% CI	136 (30) 26–34	131 (29) 25–34
Disease control rate (CR+PR+SD) 95% CI	332 (73) 69–77	317 (71) 66–75
Complete response	2 (0)	2 (0)
Partial response	134 (30)	129 (29)
Stable disease	196 (43)	186 (41)
Progressive disease	65 (14)	61 (14)
Unknown	58 (13)	71 (16)

PFS (IRC): subgroups



*HR based on unstratified model

Safety: Hematological AEs

Adverse events, %	XP + cetuximab n=446		XP n=436	
	All	Grade 3/4	All	Grade 3/4
Neutropenia	44	22	55	32
Febrile neutropenia	2	2	1	1
Anemia	29	9	37	11
Leukopenia	15	4	23	6
Thrombocytopenia	18	5	21	5

Safety: Non-hematological AEs

Adverse events, %	XP + cetuximab n=446		XP n=436	
	All	Grade 3/4	All	Grade 3/4
Nausea	62	7	62	9
Decreased appetite	50	7	46	6
Vomiting	38	7	46	8
Skin reactions*	77	13	15	0
Fatigue	43	8	37	6
Diarrhea	40	8	25	4
Hand-foot syndrome	36	7	22	2
Hypomagnesemia	30	11	14	1
Asthenia	21	5	23	6
Hypokalemia	20	13	14	9

*Composite category

Safety: Non-hematological AEs

Adverse events, %	XP + cetuximab n=446		XP n=436	
	All	Grade 3/4	All	Grade 3/4
Nausea	62	7	62	9
Decreased appetite	50	7	46	6
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Diarrhea	40	8	25	4
Hand-foot syndrome	36	7	22	2
Hypomagnesemia	30	11	14	1
Asthenia	21	5	23	6
Hypokalemia	20	13	14	9

*Composite category

Safety: Cardiac AEs

	XP + cetuximab n=446		XP n=436	
Cardiac events, %	All	Grade 3/4	All	Grade 3/4
Cardiac AEs, total	13.0	6.7	9.2	4.1
Arrhythmia	7.2	1.6	4.6	0.7
Infarction/ischemia	4.7	3.2	3.4	2.1
Arrest	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Congestive heart failure	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.2
Sudden death	0.2	0.2	0	0

Relative dose intensity

Treatment, %	XP + cetuximab n=446	XP n=436
Cetuximab		
80 – <90%	22	
≥90%	60	
Cisplatin		
80 – <90%	28	25
≥90%	52	44
Capecitabine		
80 – <90%	23	20
≥90%	31	28

Summary and conclusions

- No benefit from adding cetuximab to XP as first-line treatment for AGC in terms of
 - PFS (IRC)
 - OS
 - Best overall response (IRC)
- Consistent results across subgroups
- No new or unexpected safety findings but overall negative benefit/risk ratio for the experimental treatment
- Tissue is available from 97% of patients, biomarker analysis is ongoing

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- Investigators, study co-ordinators and nurses
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