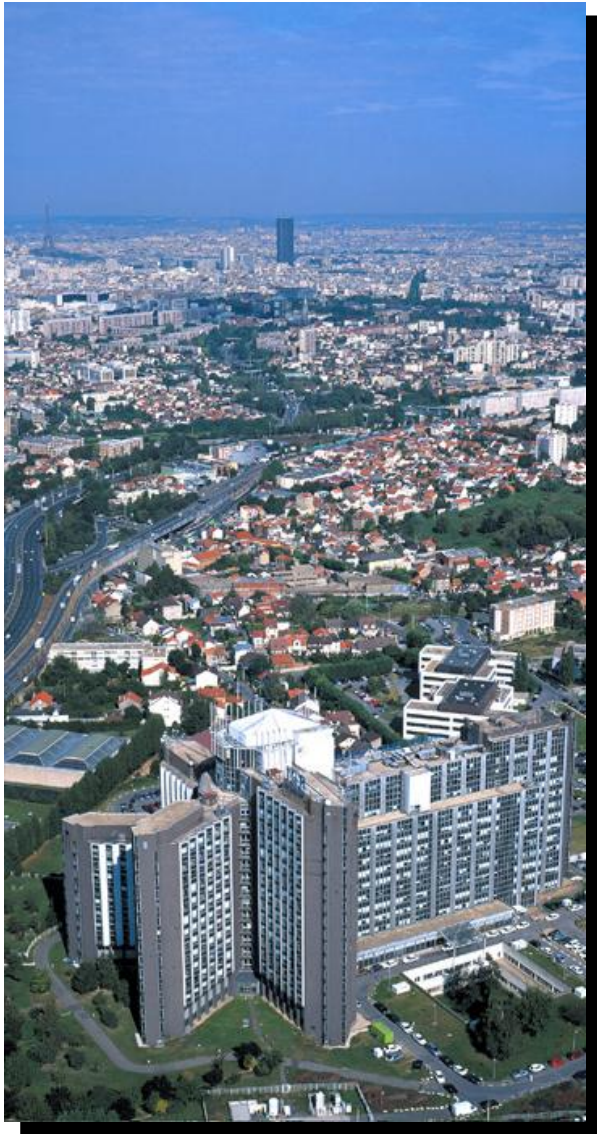


ESMO 2012 Presidential Symposium I

DISCUSSANT
LBA1: Profile 1007 phase III trial

Jean-Charles SORIA



Disclosure Slide

Consultancy fees from :

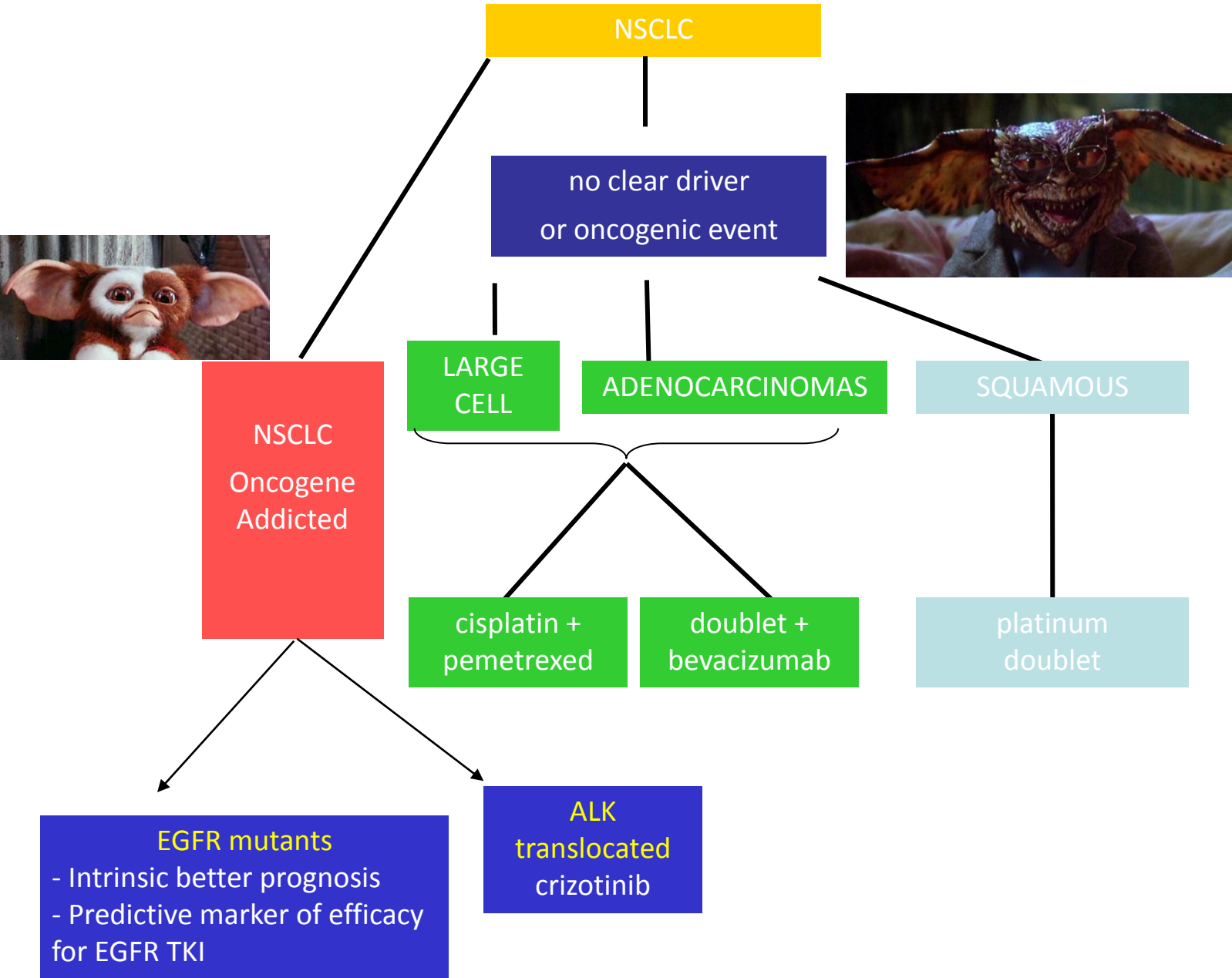
*Abbott, Amgen, AstraZeneca, BMS, GSK, Lilly,
Merck-Serono, MSD, **Pfizer**, Roche-Genentech,
Sanofi*

Steering committee activities :

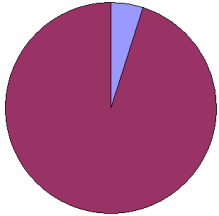
*AstraZeneca, Boehringer-Ingelheim, **Pfizer**,
Roche-Genentech, Servier*

Discussion goals

- ❖ **Background on metastatic NSCLC**
- ❖ **Putting efficacy and survival data into context**
- ❖ **Toxicity data**
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The ALK entity

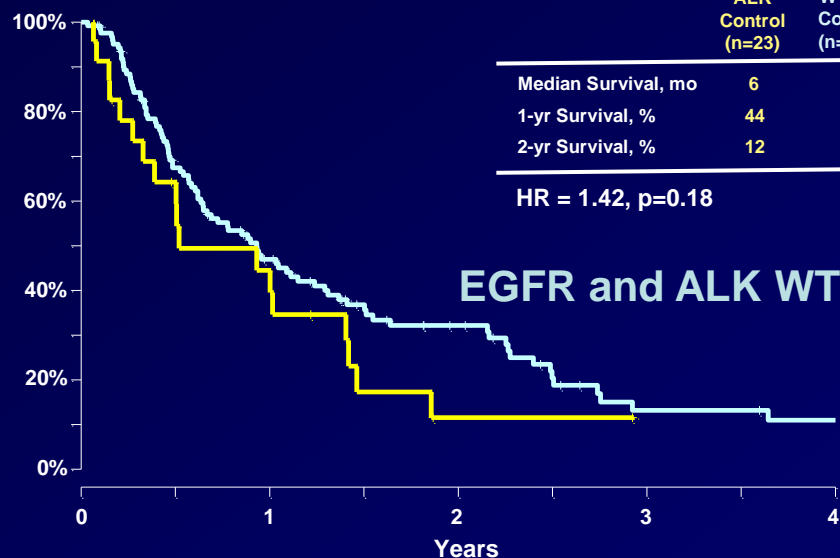


5% of NSCLC (range 3-7)

- ❖ Median age of onset ~ 50 (20-80s)
- ❖ Mainly adenocarcinoma histology (signet-ring histology)
- ❖ Never/light smoking status
- ❖ Excess of
 - hepatic metastases,
 - pleural and pericardial effusions
 - and probably brain metastasis (35% in this trial)
- ❖ Minimal overlap with other driver mutations
- ❖ Neutral prognosis vis à vis *EGFR* and *ALK* WT control groups

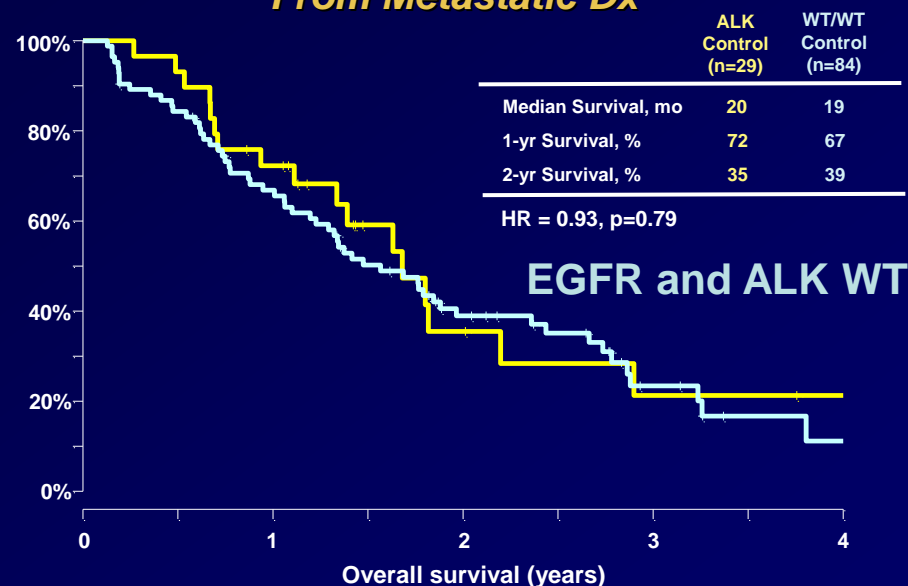
Prognostic value of ALK translocation

Overall Survival 2nd Line Subset



❖ HR 1.42, p =0.18

Overall Survival – Never/Light Smokers, Adeno From Metastatic Dx



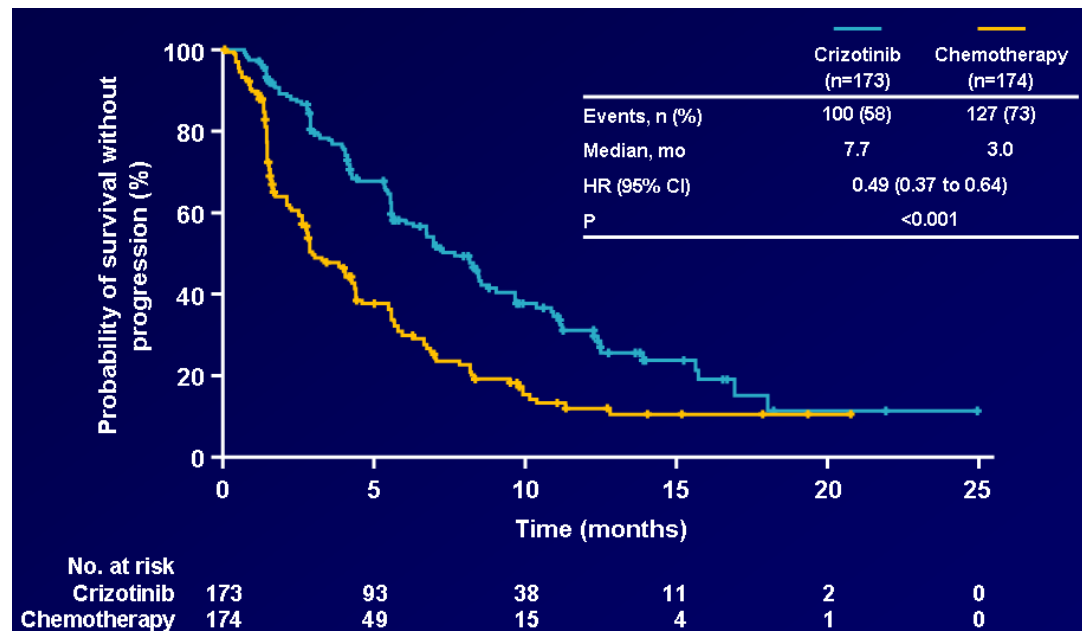
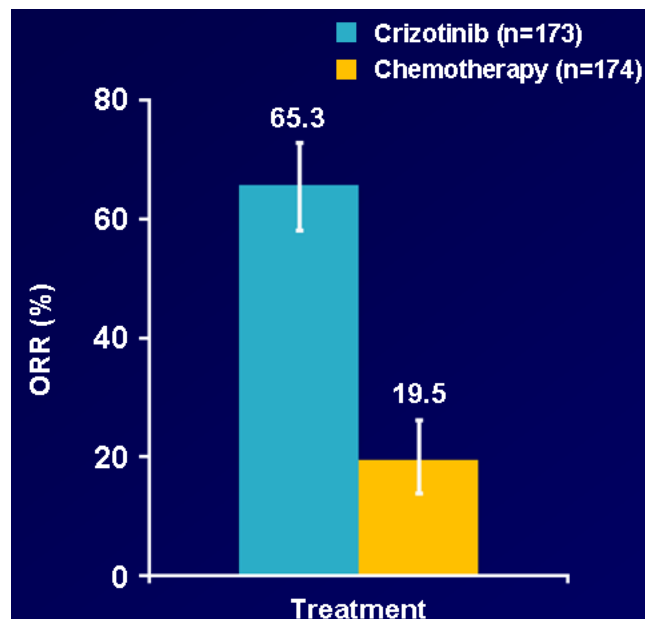
❖ HR 0.83, p =0.78

❖ ALK gene fusion does not appear to be a favorable prognostic factor BUT no randomized data

Discussion goals

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Activity



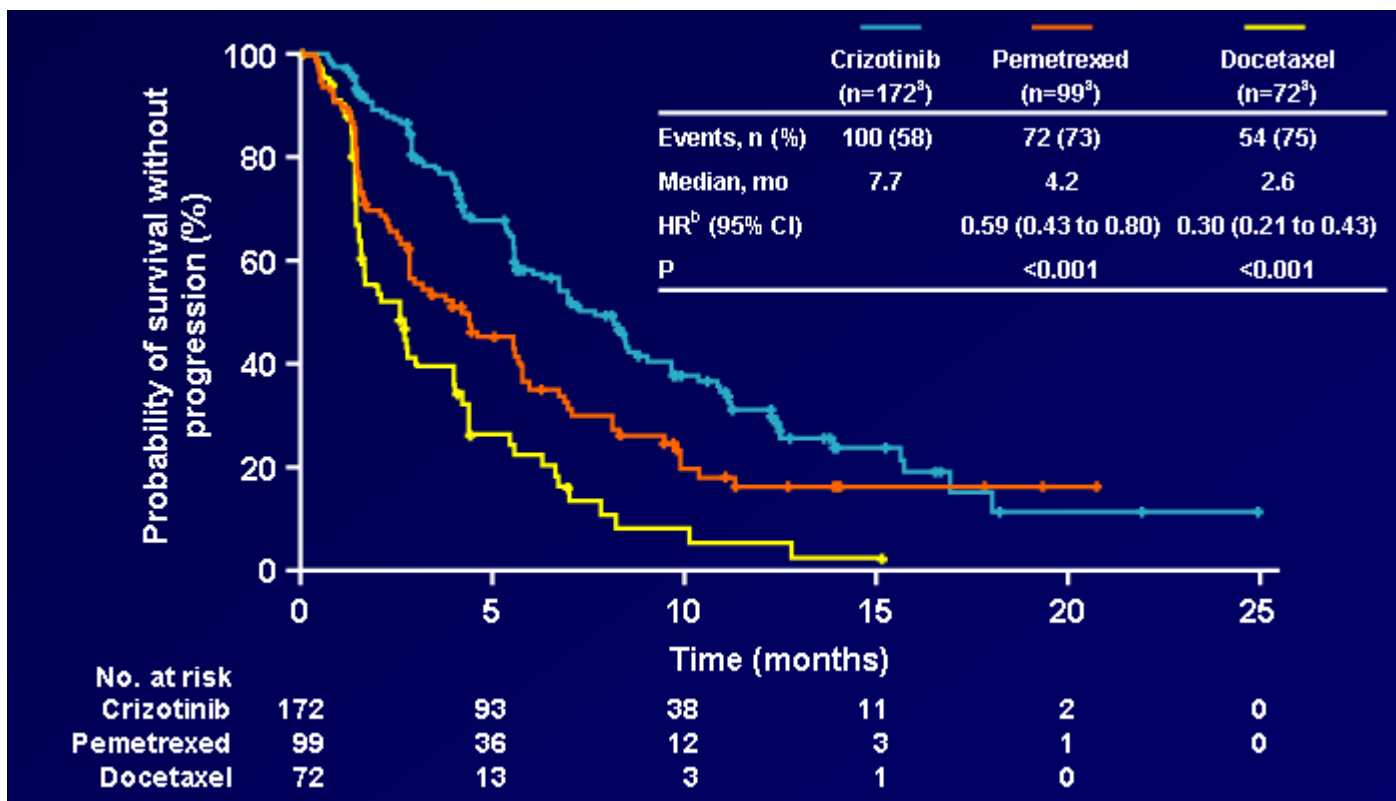
❖ Clear and strong signal of activity

- Objective response **is tripled**
- PFS is improved by **4,7 months (HR of 0,49)**
- Improvement of PFS in almost all subgroups
- Improvement of lung cancer-related symptoms and global QOL

Efficacy data

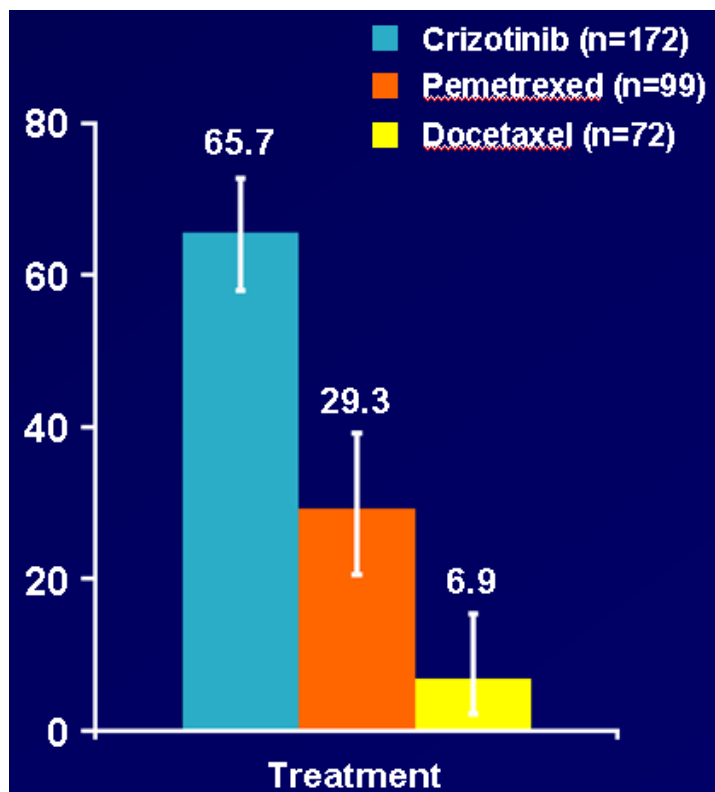
❖ Pemetrexed vs docetaxel

- No formal randomization between these 2 arms
- Choice based on previous therapy and histology
- PFS advantage remains even when comparing to pemetrexed alone



Chemosenstivity

❖ Pemetrexed has prominent activity in ALK+ NSCLC



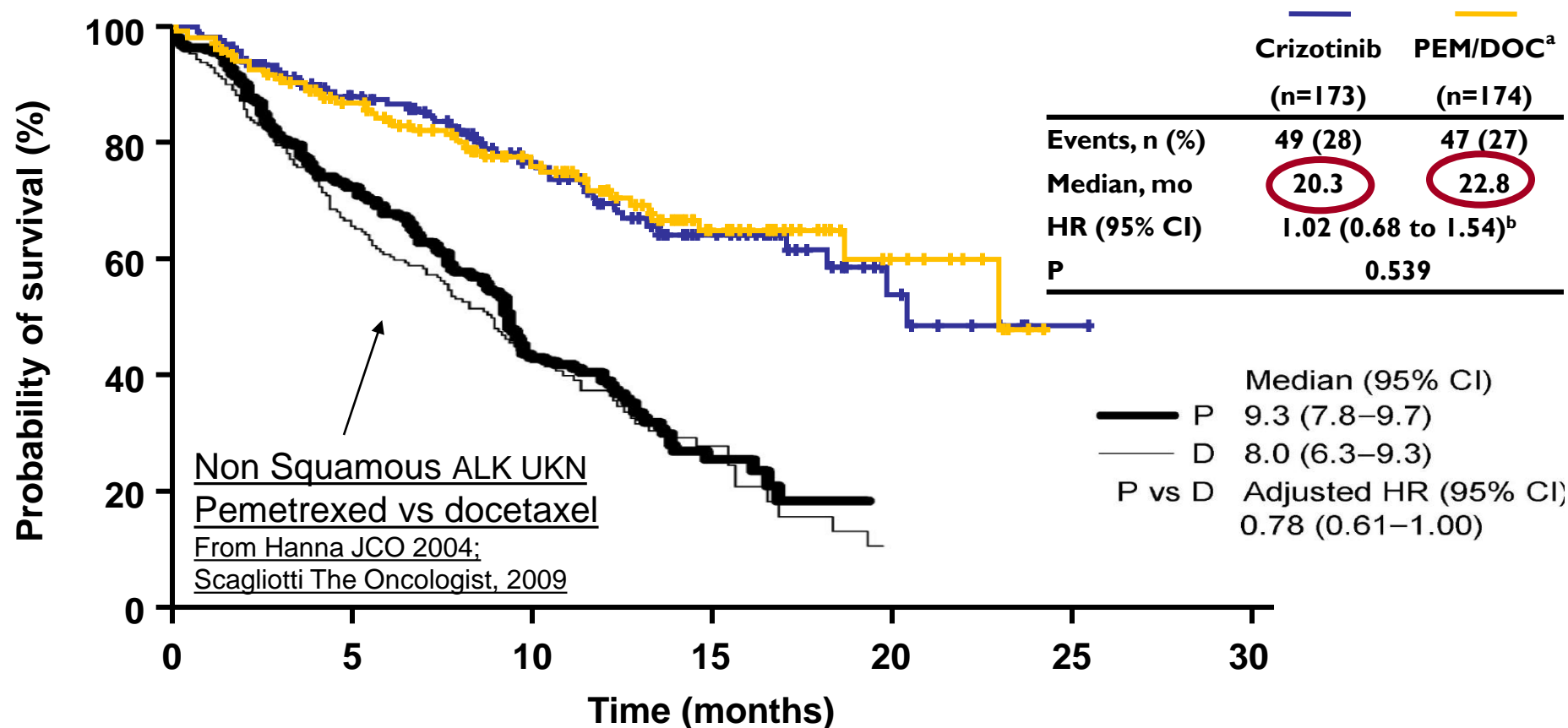
	Hanna Pem vs docetaxel		1007 Pem arm
Median PFS (months)	3,5 (ADK)	3,1 (non-SCC)	4,2
ORR	12,8 %	11,5 %	29,3 %

Hanna et al, JCO 2004

Scagliotti et al, The Oncologist 2009

Camidge, Nat. Rev. Clin. Oncol 2012

Overall survival

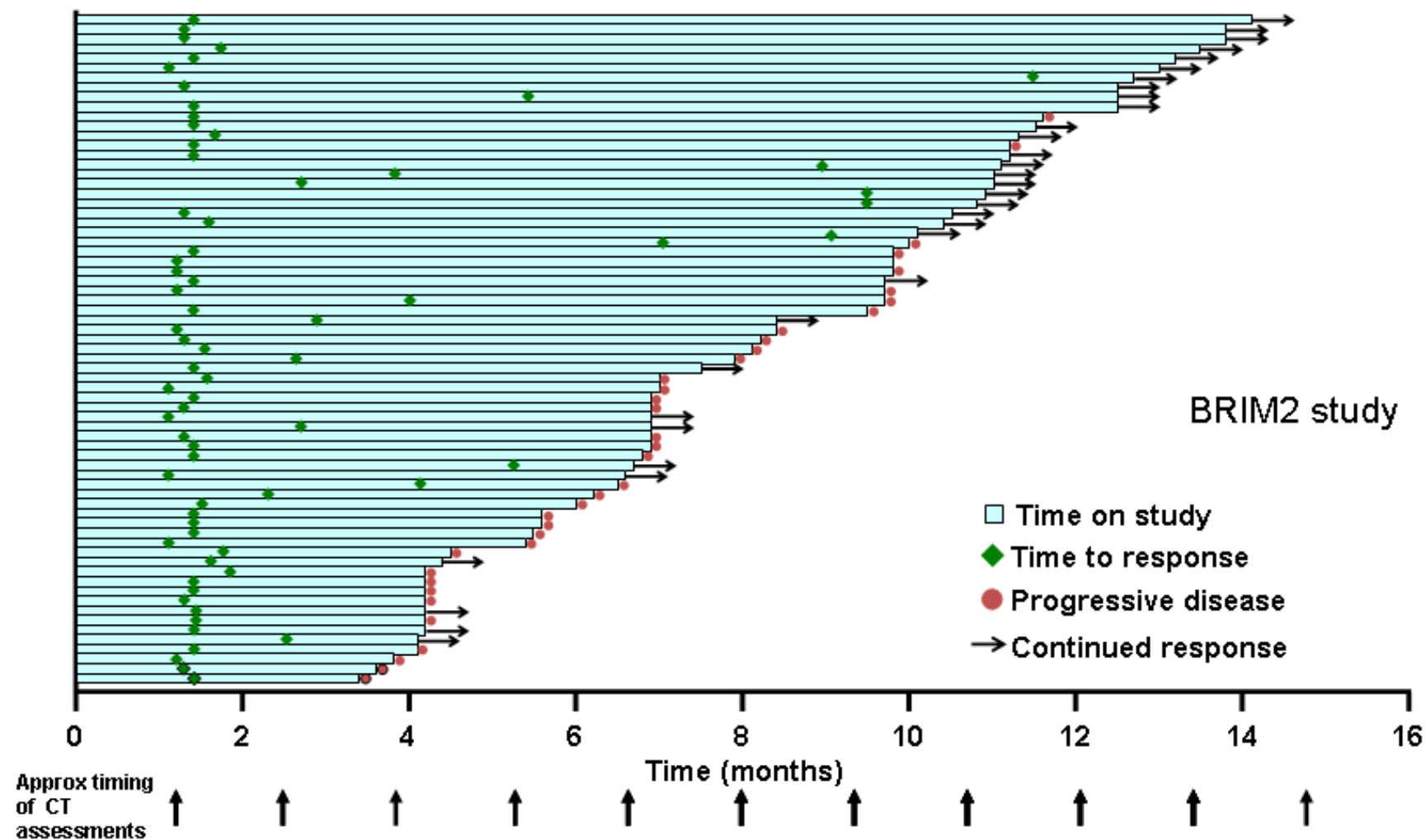


❖ Lack of overall survival advantage:

- Cross-over +++ (87% of PD-patients on Chemo crossed to crizotinib)
- Data is immature: only 40% of 241 expected OS events occurred
- 49% of patients on crizo arm are still on treatment vs 16%

❖ Impressive median OS of 22 months in the 2nd line setting +++

Efficacy data



Discussion goals

- ❖ **Background on metastatic NSCLC**
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Tolerability of crizotinib

❖ Visual disorders

light trails, flashes,

image persistence at edge of visual field

light adaptation

❖ Liver toxicity

transaminases increase 38% (ALAT)

grade $\frac{3}{4}$ is 16%

❖ Other

renal cysts (rare)

pneumonitis (rare)

asymptomatic bradycardia (unknown)

low testosterone (common) but real impact on sexual life?

Discussion goals

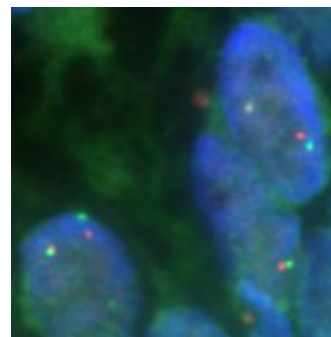
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How do we define ALK positivity ?

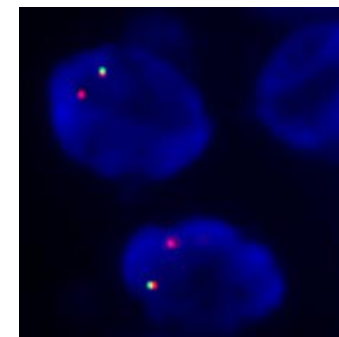
❖ FISH break-apart

- Why the 15% threshold ?
- 15% is 2 SD above the average number of split or isolated red signals in FFPE non-tumor control tissues

split red & green signals



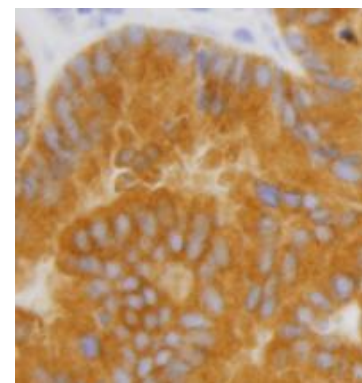
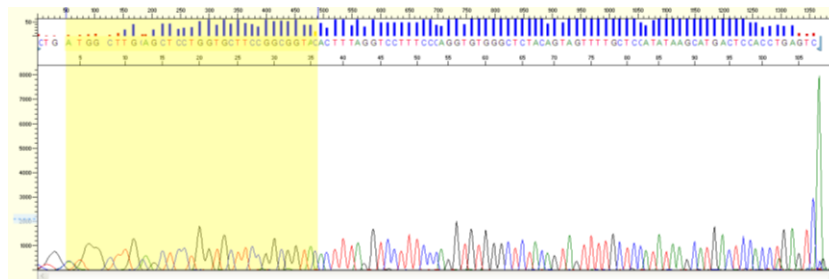
Isolated red signals



❖ RT-PCR

- Allows detection of variants

❖ IHC

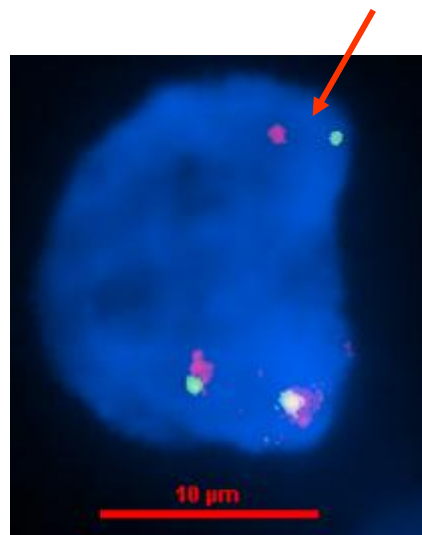
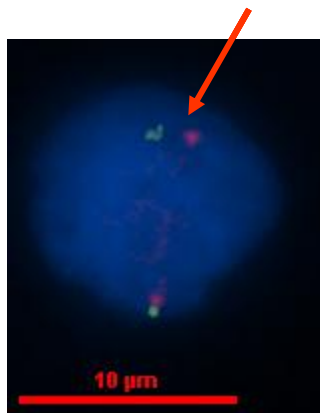
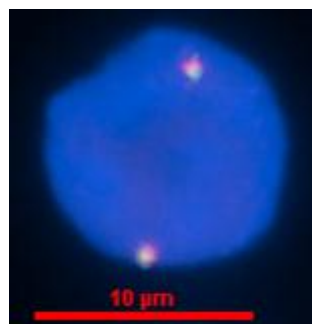


Detection of ALK-fusion gene in CTCs

Françoise Farace, Benjamin Besse, Philippe Vielh and Jean Charles Soria
Translational research Laboratory & INSERM U981

Examples of translocated CTCs

Hematopoietic cell

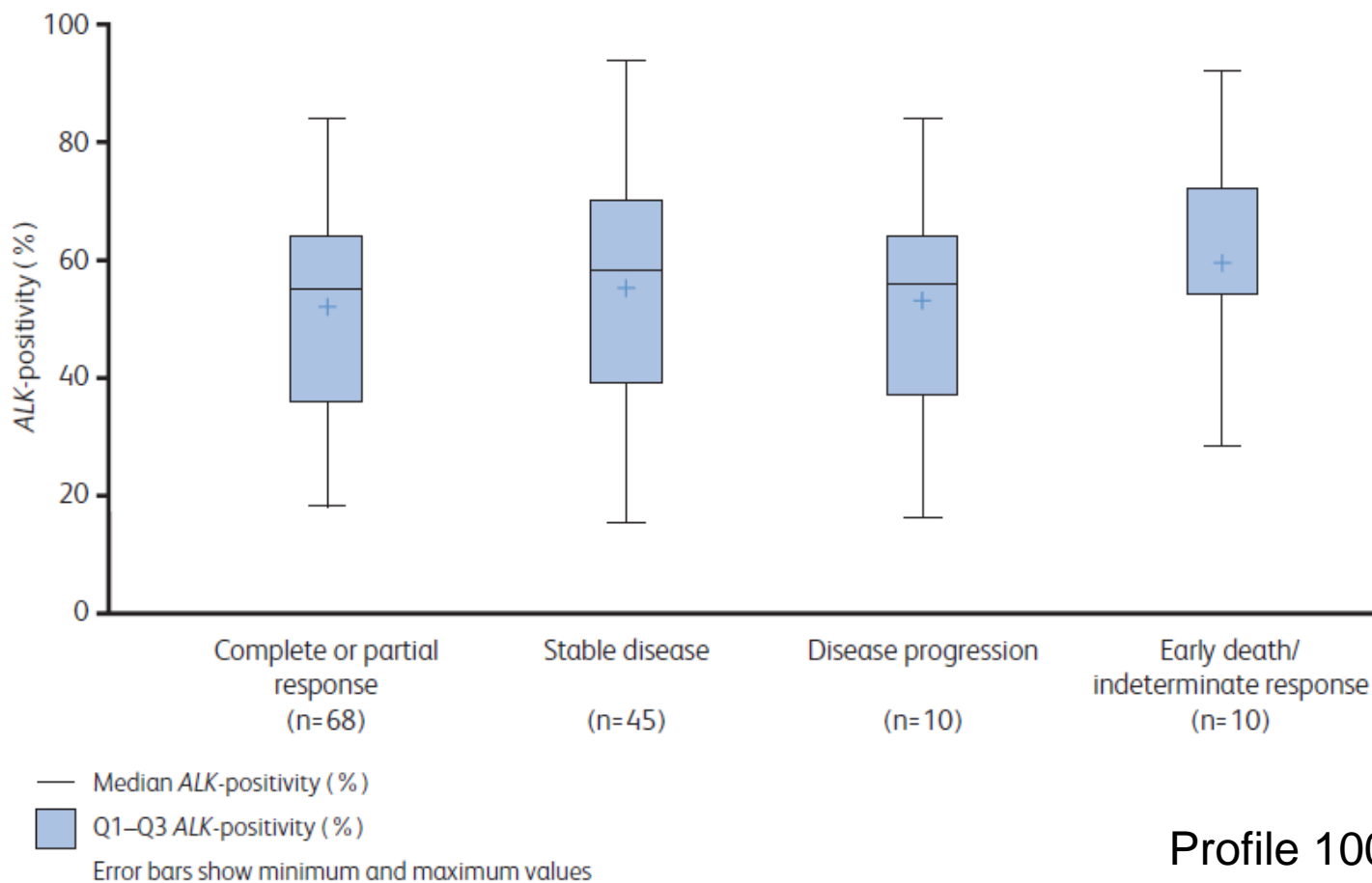


Patient with 25 translocated CTCs/ml

Molecular predictors of efficacy

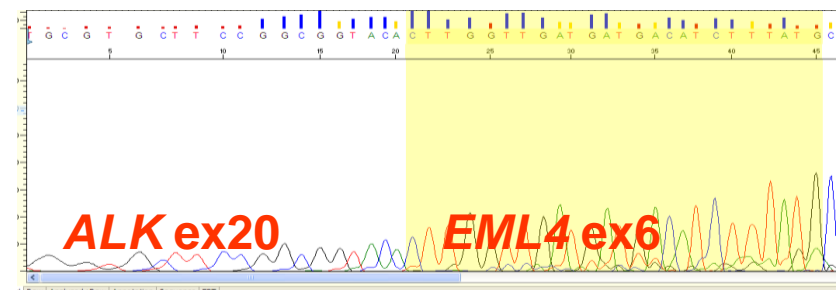
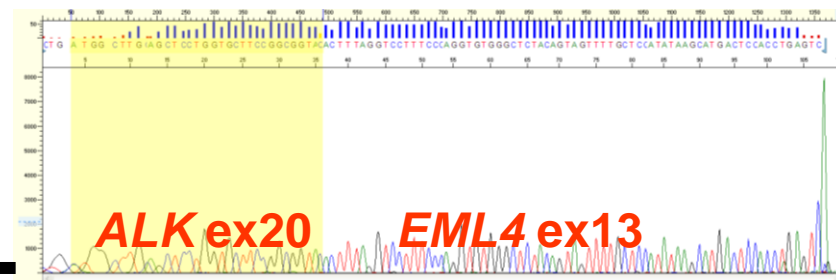
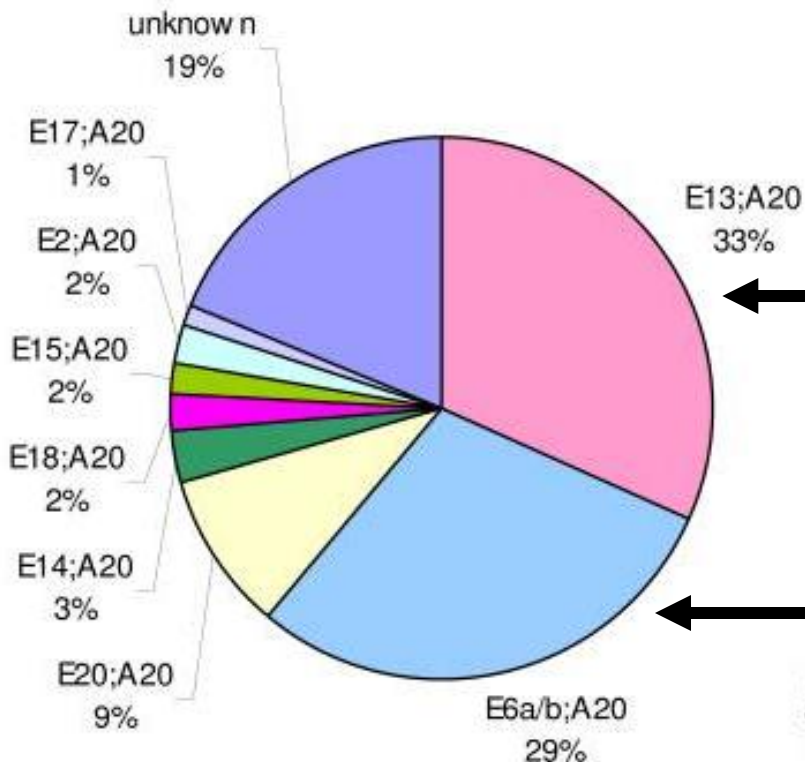
- ❖ Variable responses are seen among ALK + patients in this trial !
- ❖ Is the % of ALK translocated cells a predictor of crizotinib benefit ?
- ❖ Are the different ALK variant fusions predictors of crizotinib benefit ?
 - EML4-ALK (11 variants), KIF5B-ALK, TFG-ALK, KLC1-ALK...

Figure 2. Box plot showing distribution of percent *ALK*-positivity (FISH) by best overall response.



Profile 1005

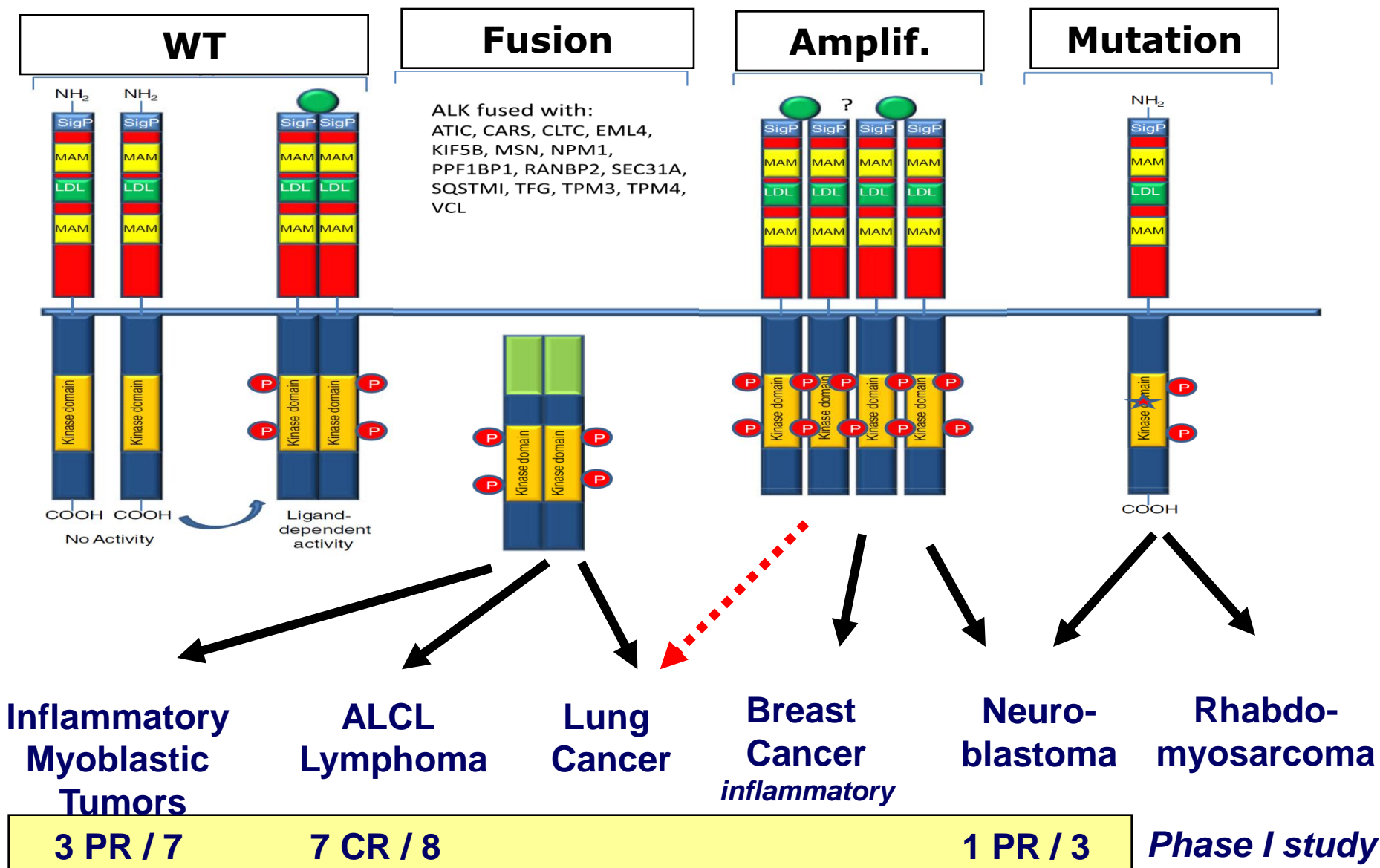
At least 11 EML4-ALK variants.. as well as KIF5B, TFG, and KLC1 fusion partners



EML4-ALK Variants

E13:A20	E13:A20 (variant 1), E13;ins69 A20
E6:A20	E6a/b:A20 (variant 3a/b)
E20:A20	E20:A20 (variant 2), E20;ins18A20
E14:A20	E14;ins11del49A20(variant 4'), E14;del12A20 (variant 7)
E18:A20	E18:A20 (variant 5')
E15:A20	E15 del19;del20A20 (variant 4)
E2:A20	E2:A20 & E2;ins117A20 (variant 5a/b)
E17:A20	E17;ins68A20

ALK across cancer field



ALK amplification in vitro

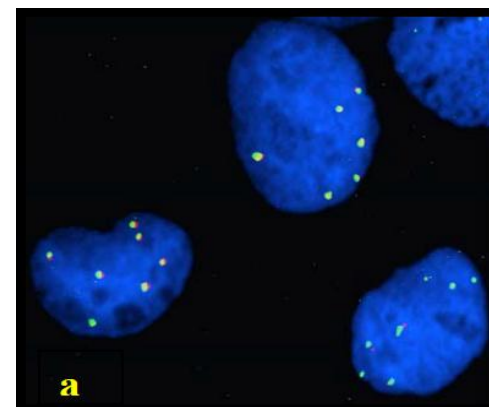
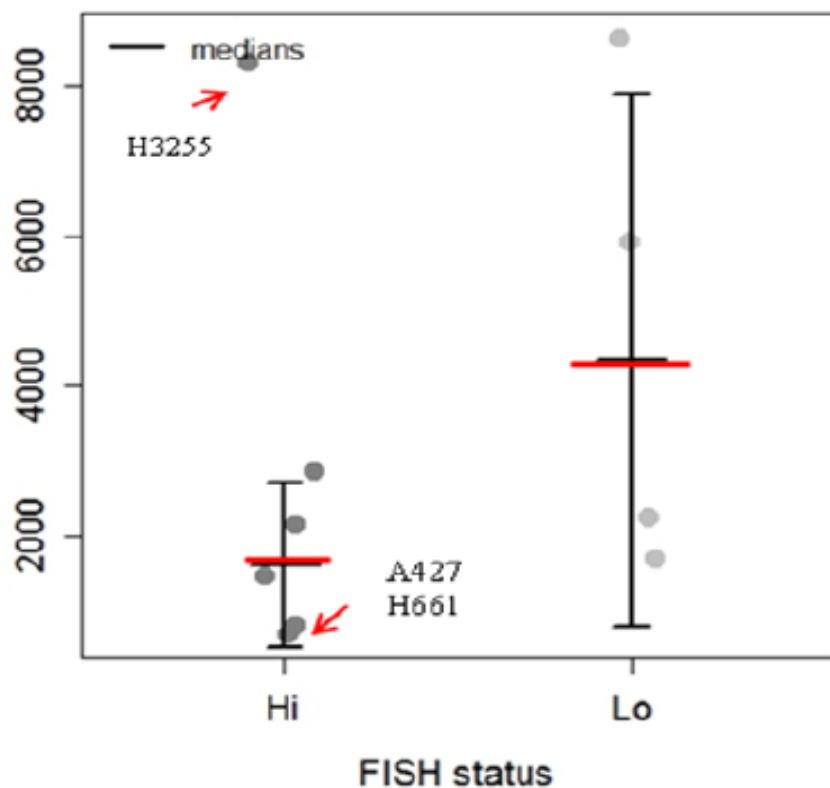
9 cell lines

Median IC50

Low ALK 1750 nM [300-2800nM]

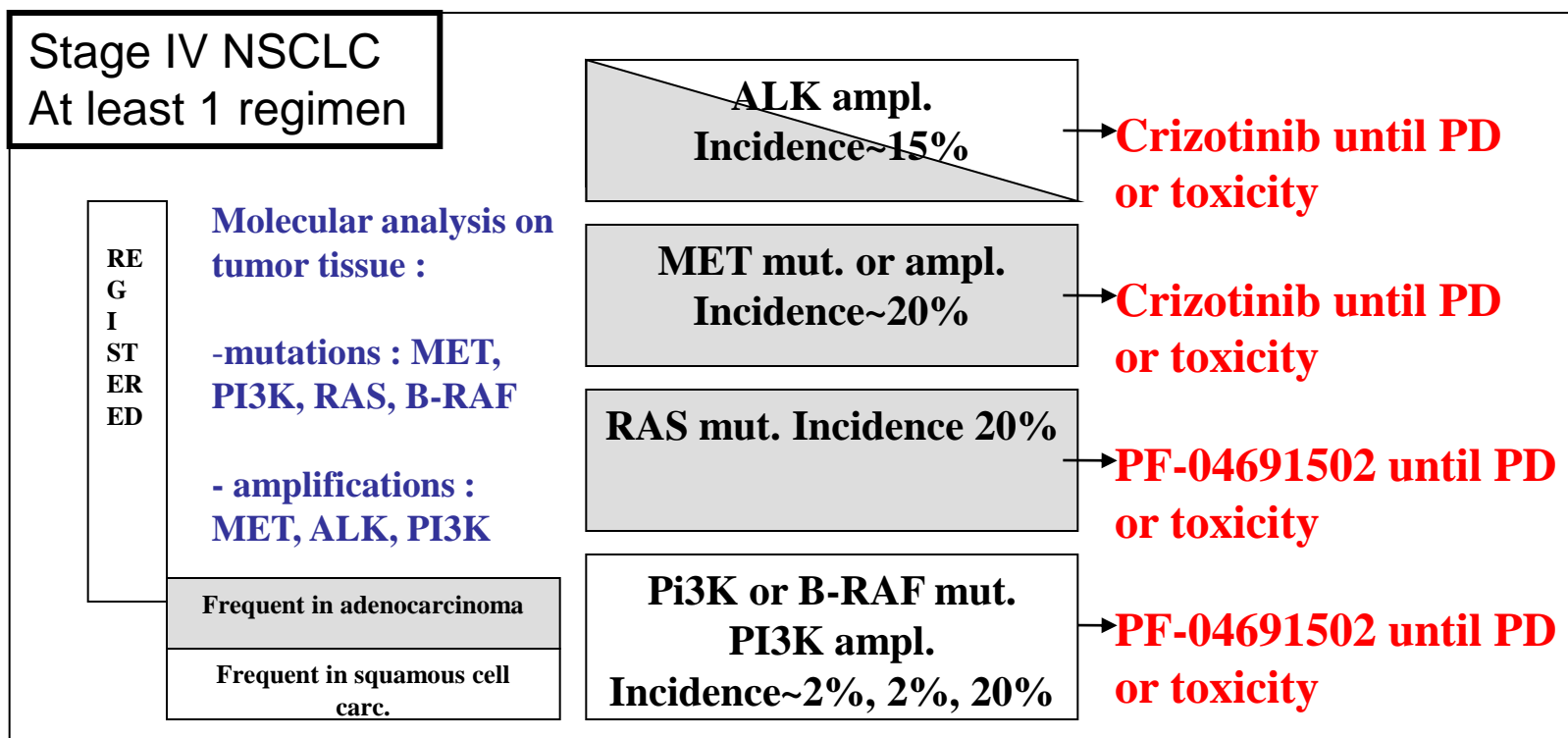
High ALK 4500 nM [800-8000nM]

Cell lines sensitivity to Crizo according to ALK status (by FISH)



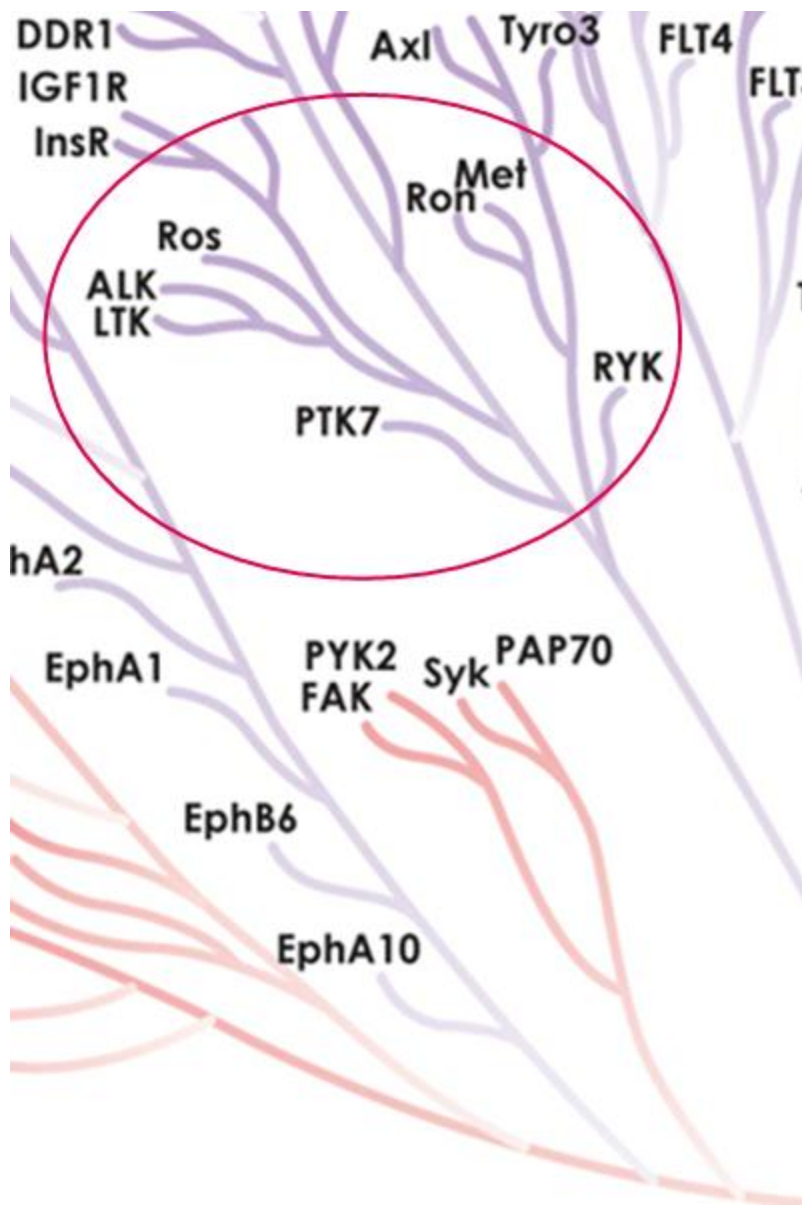
MATCHLUNG

Molecularly Adapted Treatment with Crizotinib or PF-04691502 in Heavily pretreated advanced non small cell LUNG cancer



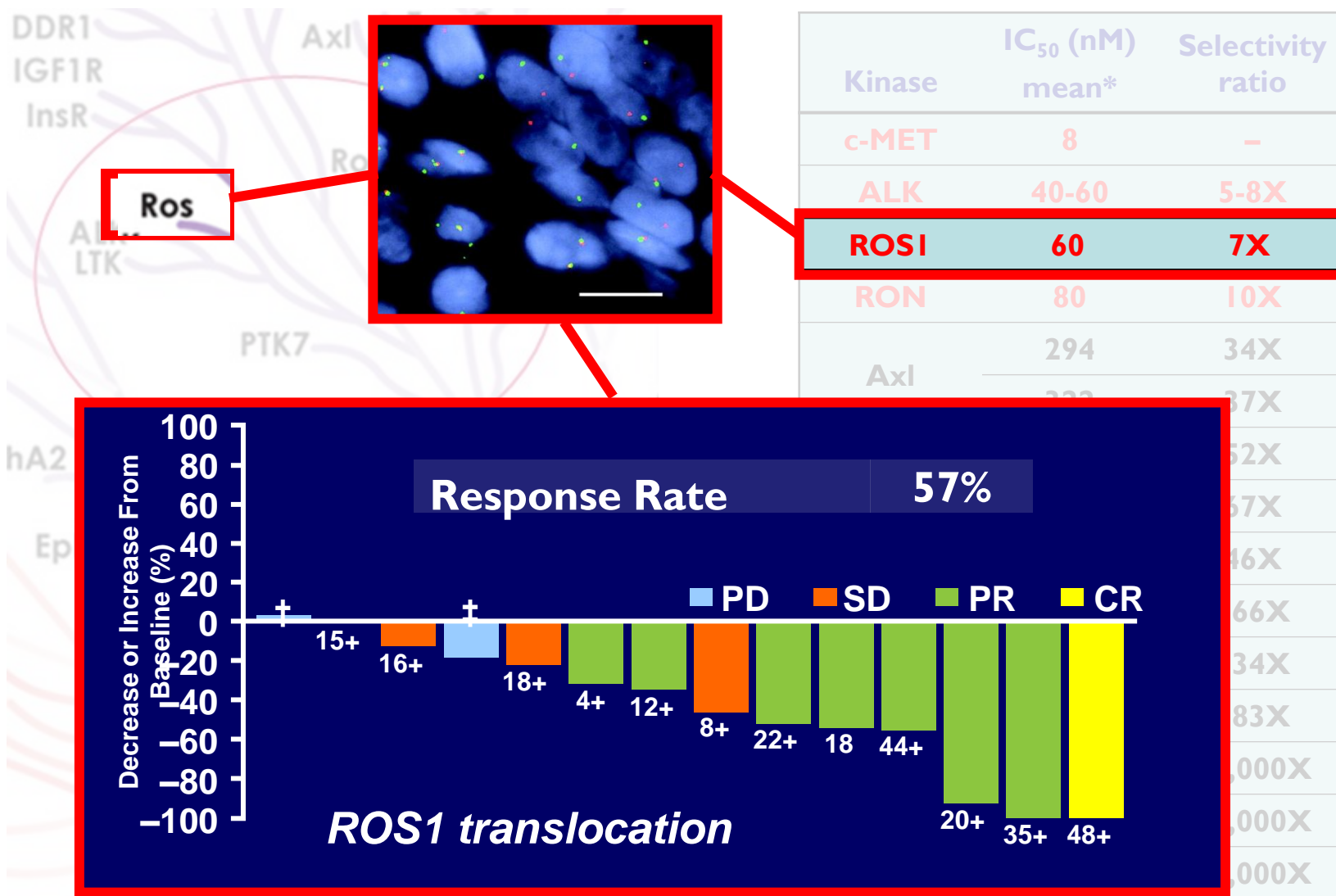
Hypothesis : ratio PFS 2 (MATCHLUNG) / PFS 1 (PREVIOUS LINE) >1.3; in > 24% pts

Crizotinib characteristics



Kinase	IC ₅₀ (nM) mean*	Selectivity ratio
c-MET	8	–
ALK	40-60	5-8X
ROSI	60	7X
RON	80	10X
Axl	294	34X
	322	37X
Tie-2	448	52X
Trk A	580	67X
Trk B	399	46X
Abl	1,159	166X
IRK	2,887	334X
Lck	2,741	283X
Sky	>10,000	>1,000X
VEGFR2	>10,000	>1,000X
PDGFRβ	>10,000	>1,000X

Crizotinib characteristics



How to implement molecular testing in daily practice ?

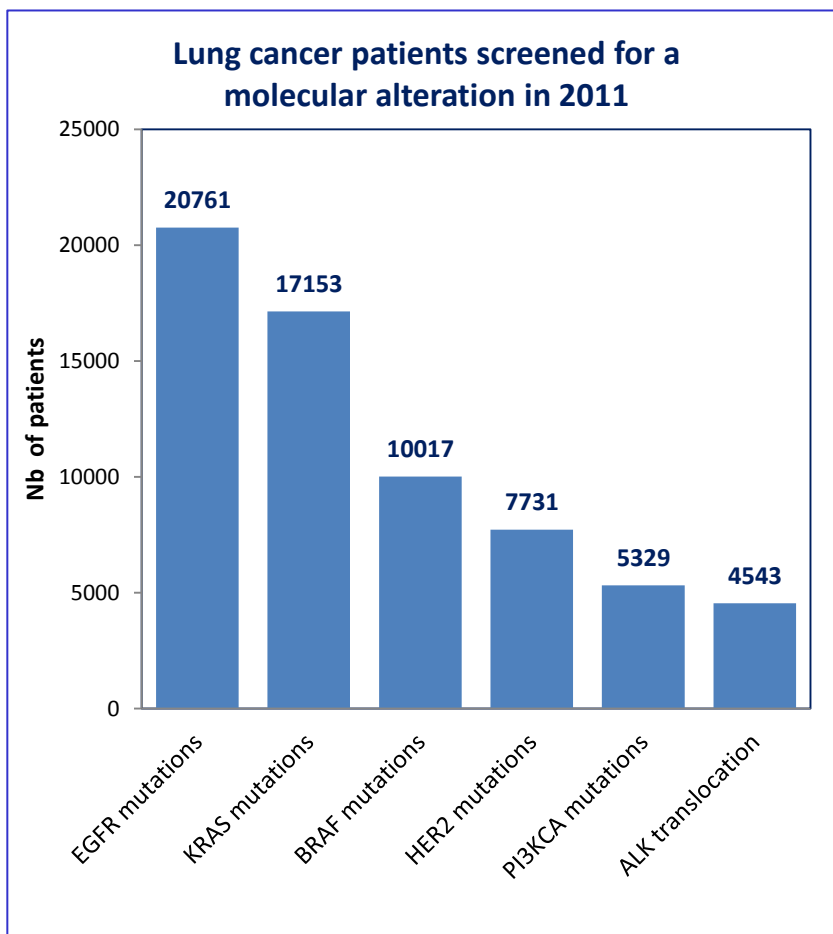
❖ Financial issues

- Who should pay ?
- Pharma
- Insurance
- National Cancer plans (eg INCa)

❖ Practical issues

- Optimal technique: FISH vs RT-PCR vs IHC
- Optimal sample: tissue vs CTC vs free DNA
- Tissue availability: EGFR testing should not compete with ALK
 - Multiplexing strategies are key +++

Tumor molecular profiling the french national initiative



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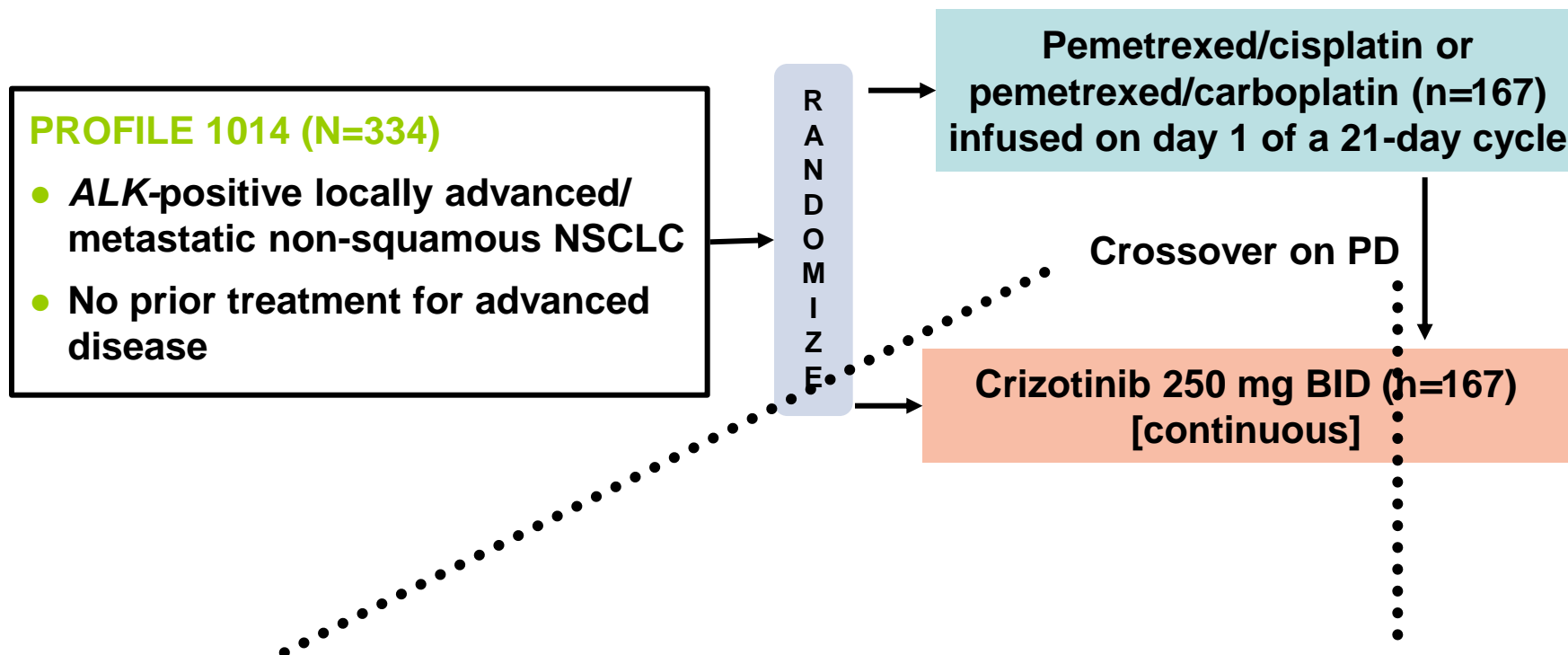
When and how to integrate crizotinib in the management of metastatic NSCLC ?

	Ph I (1001) n = 119	Ph II (1005) n= 136	Ph III (1007) n= 172 (crizo arm)
Line of therapy	Any line 32 % 2 nd line	2nd and beyond 6,6 % 2 nd line	2nd line only
ORR %	61	50	65,3
Median duration of response (range)	48.1 wks (4.1, 76.6)	41.9 wks (6.1, 42.1)	36 wks (2.1, 72.4)
Median duration of treatment	32 weeks	22 weeks	30 weeks

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Median duration of treatment	32 weeks	22 weeks	30 weeks
Median PFS	10 months	NR	7,7 months
Survival probability At 6 months	90%	NR	87%
Survival probability At 12 months	81%	NR	70%

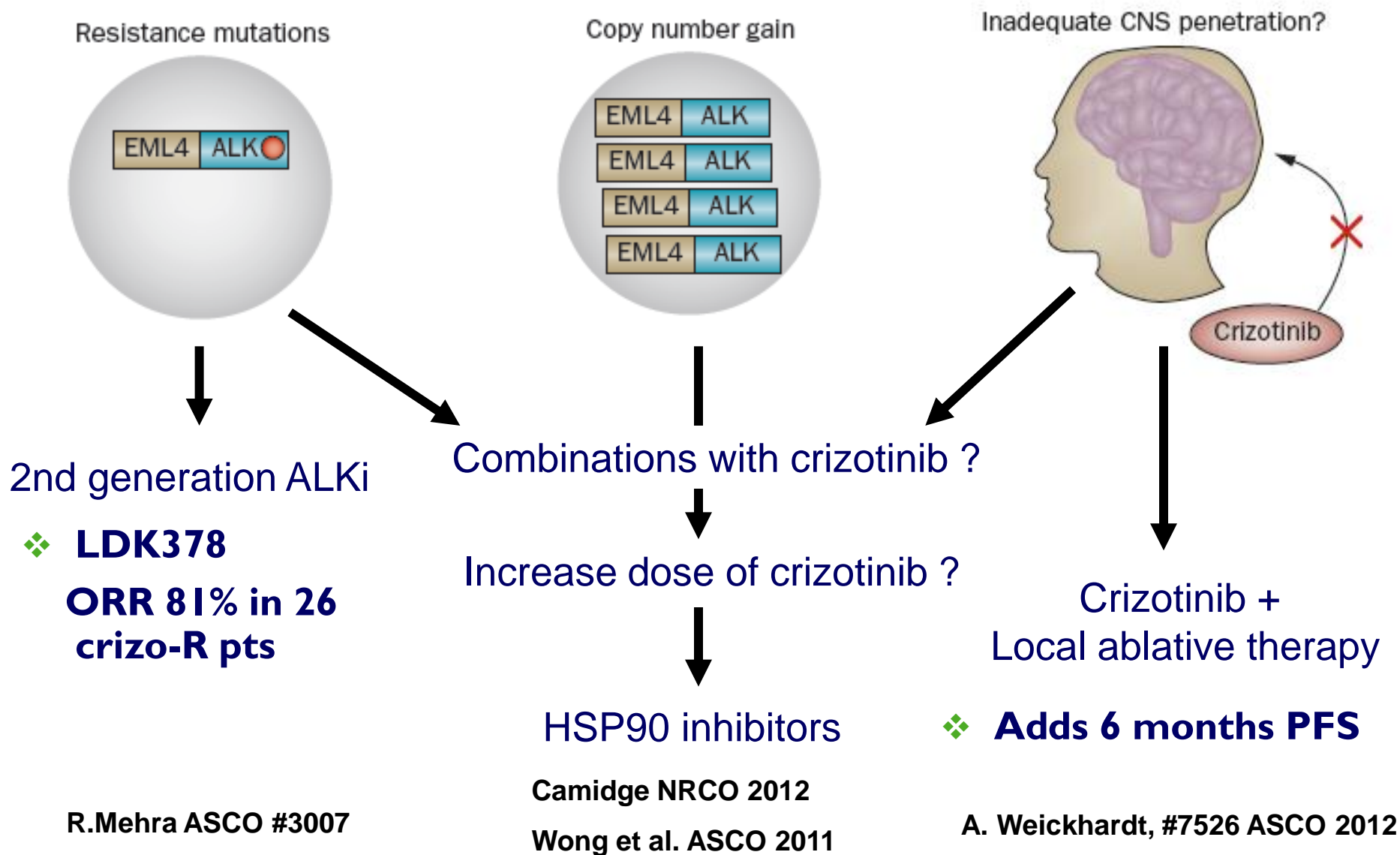
Implications for front-line trial



❖ At least 13% of patients will not access crizotinib...

(16 pts out of 127 pts who progressed on chemotherapy never got crizotinib on Profile 1007)

ALK dominant mechanisms of resistance



Discussion goals

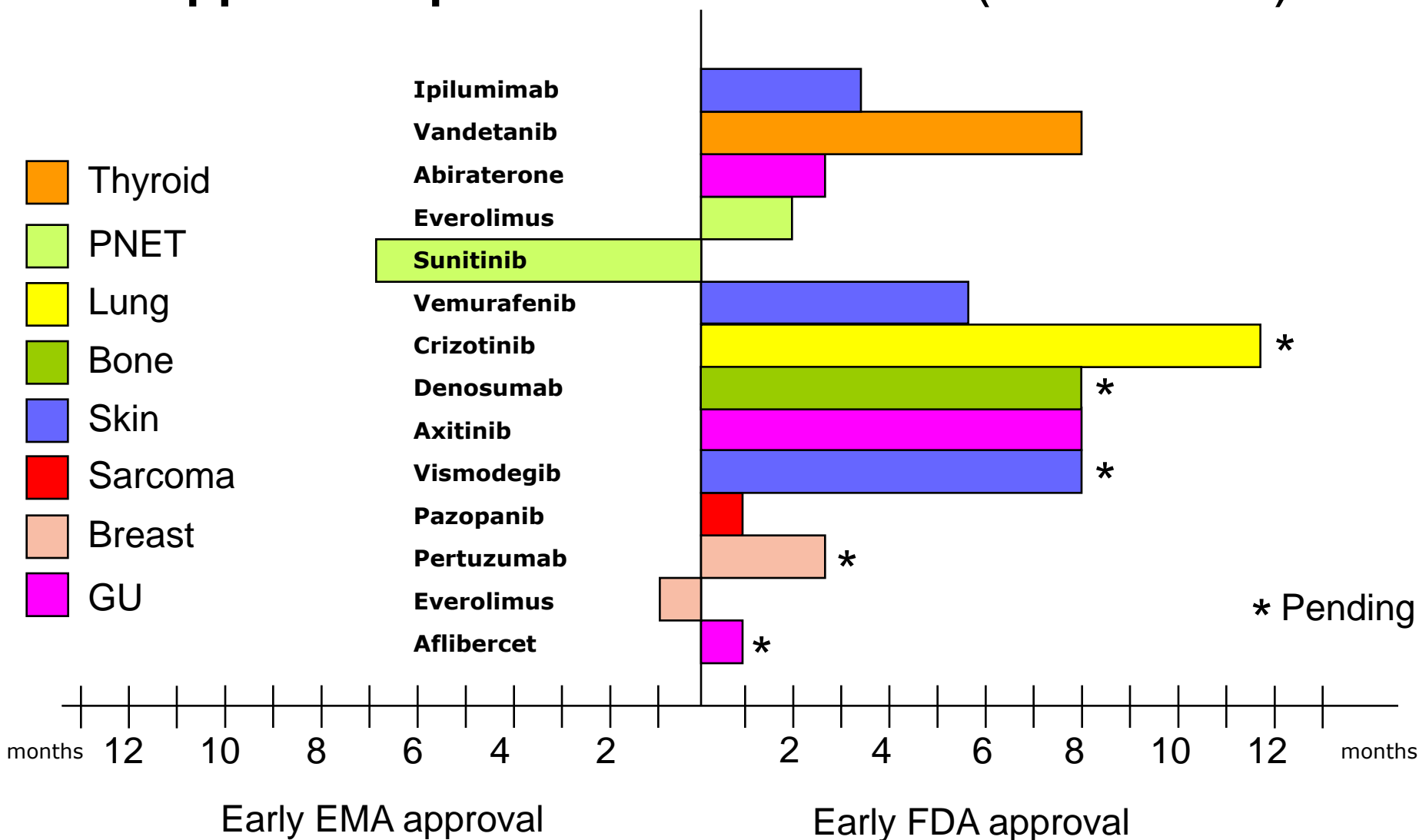
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Reasons for EMA reluctance for approval

Fow chart	FDA	EMA
Pre-meeting	Welcomed filing of single arm data for accelerated approval	Conditional approval can only be granted on an established positive benefit/risk assessment
Submission Single arm data April 2010	4.9 months review Agreement on single arm data	14 months review Required randomized data
Approval	August 26, 2011	Estimated late Oct. 2012

US treats, EU randomizes !

Approval speed : FDA vs EMA (2011-2012)



Conclusions for ALK+ patients

- ❖ Crizotinib offers better QoL, increased response and longer PFS as compared to second line chemotherapy

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- ❖ Crizotinib offers better QoL, increased response and longer PFS as compared to second line chemotherapy
- ❖ Comparison with historical data suggests that crizotinib has changed the natural history of the disease (median OS 22 months vs 9 months)
- ❖ Crizotinib AE profile is mild (liver to be monitored)



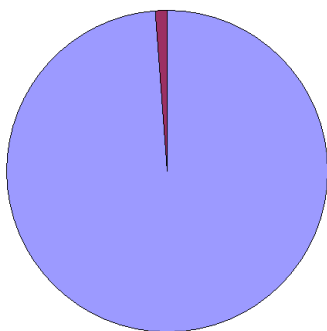
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- ❖ Crizotinib AE profile is mild (liver to be monitored)
- ❖ Crizotinib has more to offer to cancer patients and the oncology community than its activity in ALK + NSCLC
- ❖ Will randomization remain mandatory for conditional approval in very rare molecularly defined subgroups of patients ?



Is 1% still amenable to randomization?



Acknowledgements

INSTITUT GUSTAVE ROUSSY

- ❖ Benjamin BESSE
- ❖ David PLANCHARD
- ❖ Antonin LEVY
- ❖ Thierry LE CHEVALIER
- ❖ Fabrice ANDRE

Pfizer

- ❖ Keith Wilner



The presenter of the LBA : Alice SHAW (MGH)